

## HUGH BURRELL IS NOT IN MUSKOGEE

Sheriff John L. Wisener Says Fugitive Banker Has Not Been in That City For Six Months.

### WILLING TO ASSIST IN ARREST

Muskogee County Official Declares He Replied to Sheriff McOsker's Letter as Soon as Possible.

In a communication to the Republican office, John L. Wisener, sheriff of Muskogee county, Oklahoma, states that Hugh Burrell, former president of the People's State Bank of Brownstown, is not in Muskogee, and has not been there for five or six months. On August 9th an article appeared in the Indianapolis News in which it was said that the fugitive banker had been apprehended in Muskogee and was said to be leading a glad, free life in that place. It was stated that Burrell was living with his son-in-law, Peter J. McNeerney and that an attempt would be made to return him to this county for trial.

On August 10th an article appeared in the Republican in which it was stated that the officials of Muskogee county had shown an indifference when requested to assist in the arrest of the fugitive bank president. Regarding this story Mr. Wisener says that a letter from Sheriff Jerry McOsker, dated August 4, was received by him two days later. In this communication the sheriff from this county asked if Burrell was in Muskogee, stating that he was the father-in-law of Peter J. McNeerney. Concerning this letter Sheriff Wisener writes:

"This letter was delivered to my office on the 6th day of the month and if it had been possible to secure the information he desired within a day or two it would have been impossible to have advised him before August 10, the date on which the complaining article was published.

"Muskogee is a city of 30,000 inhabitants and such information as he requested can not be secured in a few minutes time. I have advised him today that the man after whom he inquired is not in Muskogee and has not been here for about five or six months.

"If Burrell is in Muskogee and the Sheriff of Jackson county, Indiana, forwards warrant for him, I assure you that a proper effort to apprehend him will be made."

The story in the Republican to which Mr. Wisener referred was to the effect that the deputies in Muskogee were somewhat indifferent to the requests of Sheriff McOsker when he asked them to assist in locating Burrell. About a year ago Mr. McOsker, learning that Burrell was in Muskogee made a trip to that city. When he arrived there he said that he heard that his man had been seen the day before and sought the assistance of the deputies to discover the fugitive. The deputies who were in charge of the office during the sheriff's absence in Colorado, were indifferent to the request and it was only after he had offered them \$100 to make the arrest that they would take any action. They then claimed to have searched the residence of Burrell's son-in-law,

with whom he was thought to be staying, but he could not be found and it is supposed he was hiding. Sheriff McOsker, after returning home, wrote to the sheriff at Muskogee several times to look for Burrell, but the official would not answer. Later the sheriff was impeached and removed and the present incumbent, John L. Wisener, was appointed December 24, 1909.

Much interest was shown by the people of Jackson county in the report that Burrell was living in Muskogee, and it seems to be the general opinion that he should be brought back here for trial. The financial affairs of the bank have practically been settled and the depositors given 85 cents on the dollar. The loss to the stockholders, however, was large, and many of them are anxious that the fugitive president be brought to trial.

### KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

Are Arranging for Their Picnic on Labor Day.

V. N. Fettig, George Kress, Henry Werning and John Dehler went to Columbus last night in the latter's auto. They went to complete arrangements for the joint picnic and celebration, which the K. of C. of Columbus and Seymour are to have in a grove near Rockford on Labor Day. A program of interest for the day has been arranged. There will be a base ball game between the two councils, a rope pulling and a balloon ascension and parachute leap by Will O'Donnell and Jack Rush, of Columbus. One of the greatest events will be a race on the sand bar between John Dehler's auto, Chris Moritz's mules and Henry Werning with a wheelbarrow.

Prizes will be offered for the prettiest baby, the ugliest lady and the largest family. V. N. Fettig is the only one thus far who has entered for the last named prize.

### Tacky Party.

Much interest is being shown by the members of the Rebekah lodge in a "tacky party" which they will give Thursday evening. All members who attend and are not in tacky costumes will be fined ten cents, and the money thus received will be used in furnishing their room in the new hospital. The social will be arranged by the August committee and a very enjoyable program has been arranged. The ice cream social which was held Saturday night, the proceeds to be used for the hospital room, was a success, and a good sum of money was netted.

### Itching Skin Quickly Cooled.

Itching skin troubles some people as the hot weather comes. There seems to be no preventive; but when the trouble does break out, it is a very simple matter to stop that itch, and to stop it instantly.

Just a few drops of gentle wintergreen preparation lotion mixed with thymol and washed over the eruption will soothe and smooth the skin instantly, giving that cooled, refreshing sensation.

Try a 25 cent bottle of this lotion, D. D. D. Prescription. It will stop the itch, not in half an hour, but in ten minutes, but in five seconds. If you will call at our store, we will tell you more of this D. D. D. compound. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

I will deliver free samples of Lightning Cleanser. Wash clothes without board or machine. Full cake 10c; lasts one month.

SCOTT SHIELDS.

### MELON SHIPMENTS.

First of the Season Now Being Placed on the Market.

One of the first carloads of Jackson county canteloupes to be shipped this season was loaded Monday. The shipment was made to Cincinnati. For several days growers have been sending melons in baskets to the commission men in the cities, but the season is delayed several weeks and it has been difficult to find sufficient melons to load a car. From this time, however, the shipments will be heavier and many cars will be sent from Seymour and Jackson county.

The first wagon load of home grown water melons was brought into the city today from Medora. Growers are reporting a fair crop and expect to ship them in large quantities during the next few weeks.

### Birthday Party.

Miss Leona Westmeier, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chris Westmeier, of South Carter street, entertained a number of her little friends Monday evening in honor of her twelfth birthday anniversary. The guests enjoyed a very pleasant evening in games and other amusements. The lawn was beautifully decorated with Japanese lanterns. Refreshments of cream and cake were served. The guests congratulated their hostess and hoped that she would have many more pleasant birthday anniversaries.

Those present were: Anna Ortstadt, Hilda Haber, Alice Keller, Katie Rebber, Helen Brunow, Viola Ahlbrand, Esther Grelle, Agnes Windhorst, Bessie Kasting, Huda Osterman and Ruth Kamman.

### Entertained.

In honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Plunkett and family, of Columbus, Mrs. and Mrs. John Disney and family entertained a number of their friends at their home on East Laurel street, from 7 till 10 Sunday evening. The evening was spent in a social way and music was rendered by several of those present. Refreshments were served.

### Children Arrested.

Detectives John Griffiths and Frank Peterson, of Terre Haute, were here today, returning home from Louisville with a colored boy and girl, who they arrested in the latter place Monday. They were charged with grand larceny and it is alleged that they stole \$125 and several silk dresses in Terre Haute.

### Holiness Tabernacle Meeting.

The second annual Holiness meeting will be held at Spraytown, beginning September 2nd, and continuing ten days or more. Rev. J. A. Williams, of Connersville and Rev. H. B. Jackson, of New London, will be the evangelists in charge of the meetings. An invitation is extended to everybody to attend the meeting.

### Birthday Anniversary.

David A. Baird quietly celebrated his birthday anniversary Monday and received quite a number of tokens of greetings from his friends. Mr. Baird is widely known throughout the county and has a large circle of friends.

### To Settle Estate.

C. T. Loudon and daughter, Mrs. Belle Dexter, of Owen township, went to Lafayette today to look after the settlement of the estate of Mr. Dexter, who died last year. He was a contractor and felt a farm and property in Lafayette.

Berdon's Barber Shop, S. Chestnut.

## TRACKS CLEARED OF THE WRECKAGE

When Accident Occurred Work Train Had Stopped Preparatory to Entering Switch.

### TRAINS NOW ON SCHEDULE

B. & O. S-W. Trainmen Who Were Injured Return to Their Homes in Seymour.

The wreckage of the two engines which came together in a head-on collision near Blocher Monday morning, has been cleared from the track and the section men are now busy repairing the track and roadbed. None of the railroad men nor passengers were seriously injured and all who were hurt in the accident will recover.

Engineer Charles Trueblood and Conductor Charles T. Rodgers, of the B. & O. S-W. work train, were not seriously injured as was first reported and were able to return to their homes in this city. The members of the crew on the work train were not injured. Several of the passengers on the Big Four passenger train received slight injuries, having been severely shaken up from the force of the collision. One lady passenger received a deep cut on her face, inflicted by her false teeth, which were jolted from her mouth.

The work train had stopped to enter a siding when the collision occurred. The train had just left Blocher and it was supposed that the engineer knew that the Big Four passenger train was due in a few minutes. It is said that the conductor believed that the engineer was intending to enter the siding, but when the train failed to stop the conductor brought it to a standstill by means of the air brakes, which may be operated from the caboose. The Big Four, however, was on time and crashed into the work train before the latter could be placed safely in the siding. It is reported that the engineer on the work train had forgotten about the Big Four train, which uses the B. & O. branch from Louisville to North Vernon.

As soon as the wreck occurred a messenger was sent to Blocher and informed the operator that the trains had met and reported that twenty people were killed and seriously wounded. Upon this report the operator sent for the different road physicians and within a few hours nine physicians were upon the scene.

Both the engines were badly damaged and several of the cars on the work train were demolished, as the passenger train was running at a high rate of speed, and the track was piled high with the wreckage and debris and it required several hours to clear the track.

As all the members of the crew on the work train live in Seymour, there was much anxiety among friends and relatives when it was reported that several were killed in the wreck and a number seriously injured. As all the telegraph lines were down, direct communication to the wreck could not be had. The first reports which were received here were not corrected until nearly eleven o'clock.

The branch trains are now running over the road and none were transferred here after midnight Monday.

### ROCKFORD METHODISTS

Gave Their Pastor a Surprise at Cortland.

About thirty members of the Rockford Methodist church gave their pastor, Rev. Charles J. Kelsch, a genuine surprise Monday evening at his home in Cortland. They took with them several freezers of ices and cream and plenty of cakes which were served during the evening. They also left a liberal supply of canteloupes and pears. The evening was spent very pleasantly. The call was much appreciated by the pastor as a testimonial of the good will of the Rockford church. He has been pastor there two years and has been very successful.

### GOLDEN WEDDING.

Anniversary Celebrated By Mr. and Mrs. Stigdon Today.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Stigdon just north of the city celebrated their golden wedding anniversary today with a family dinner and reunion.

Will Stigdon, of North Vernon, H. H. Plymate and family, of Fairland, Miss Ella Stigdon, of Beech Grove, and Charles Stigdon and family, of Scipio, came for the celebration. Mr. and Mrs. Stigdon lived on a farm near Scipio for many years, moving to their present home about three years ago. Both are in good health.

### NEW TEMPLE

Of Pythian Sisters to be Organized at Uniontown.

The members of the Success Temple, No. 310, Pythian Sisters, are making arrangements to organize a new Temple at Uniontown Wednesday evening. The degree work will be given by the team of the local lodge of this city and quite a number from this city will attend the exercises. The officers of the Success Temple have a reputation throughout southern Indiana for the excellent manner in which the work is given, and the new chapter at Uniontown is fortunate in having this team to organize the lodge.

### Entertained.

Miss Flossie Colline entertained a company of girls at a country party Saturday at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Collins, in honor of her grandmother's sixtieth birthday anniversary. She received a large number of useful presents and tokens of congratulations. The guests took the interurban car to Retreat where they were met by Mr. Collins with a hay wagon who took them to his home. The afternoon was spent in games, and an elegant supper was served. The guests departed for their home after a very delightful time and wished Mrs. Collins many more such birthdays. Those present were: Misses Marion Mains, Ron Kindig, Merle Lee, Mabel Heuser, Flossie and Emeline Collins.

### Railroad Man Dead.

A telegram was received at the B. & O. Southwestern offices in this city Sunday announcing the death of A. C. Goodrich, traveling passenger agent of that company, with headquarters at Kansas City. Mr. Goodrich, who was seventy-two years of age, was one of the oldest and best known employees of the B. & O. system, having been connected with the road for about forty years.—Washington Herald.

Special prices on Room-Size Rugs and Linoleums at F. H. Heideman's.

### INDEPENDENT HERALD.

Ceases Publication After Only Forty-Three Issues of the Paper.

The Independent Herald which was started on July 4th of this year by Messrs. Mercer & Pringle, announced Monday evening that the paper would cease publication. The Herald was a well-printed neatly arranged paper, but it ventured into a field that was already well filled by two daily papers which had been in existence for many years, and which had behind them the prestige that comes only with years of successful business management.

Newspaper methods have changed materially during the last ten or fifteen years. The period of the Spanish-American war marked a new era in newspaper enterprise, and since that time the really live newspapers have kept abreast, if not indeed somewhat in the lead of the marvelous progress the whole country has been making. The day is past when a newspaper can be started and hope to succeed without the expenditure of a large amount of capital and energy. People are demanding the news, and all of it the very day it is news. To meet this demand means a capitalization and an expenditure of effort and money that would have been deemed impossible in a small city newspaper office a few years ago. The expenses of a live daily paper are constantly increasing in order to keep pace with the demands of its readers. The result is that one or two newspapers in a city are making better papers than formerly, serving both readers and advertisers to better advantage, and at lower cost to their patrons.

### Catarrah Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrah Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prepared by one of the best physicians in this country and for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrah. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,

Proprietors, Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Apples Wanted.

We will pay highest market prices for hand-picked fall and winter apples, delivered at our plant in Seymour. Parties having lots large enough to justify barreling in orchard please call and see us.

EBNER ICE & COLD STO. CO. a26d&w

### Ladies and Gentlemen.

Ring up No. 92 for your clothes to be cleaned, pressed, etc. Also for your laundry work to be done. A. Ssiarra, the tailor and haberdasher, 14 East Second street.

N. B.—Fall and winter styles are now ready for your inspection.

### W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. will meet Wednesday with Mrs. Oscar Carter. Ladies please meet at Mrs. J. E. McKinney's at 1:45 o'clock to take the hack for Mrs. Carter's.

**We Are Headquarters For Everything In Toilet Articles**

Come In And Inspect Our Line

Prescriptions Correctly Compounded

Phone Your Drug Wants

**Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.**

The Rexall Store  
Registered Pharmacists  
Phone No. 633

**APPLES**

Are What We Want.

Good sound, large, hand picked.

Bring all you have.

Will pay from 35 to 45cts. per bushel.

**HOADLEY'S GROCERY**

**DREAMLAND**

**BIG DOUBLE SHOW**

"DAVY JONES and CAPTAIN BRAGG" (Vitagraph)

"LET BYGONES BE BYGONES" (Lubin)

Illustrated Song By Miss Lois Reynolds.

**DON'T FORGET**

The next time you are in need of flour, try Mayes' Red Rose, a high class flour and only 65 cents per sack.

**MAYES' CASH GROCERY**

Phone 658. All Goods Delivered.

**Can You Afford**

to be without insurance on your Horses, Mules and Cattle. We protect your stock against death from FIRE, LIGHTNING, SICKNESS, ACCIDENT and THEFT. Be on the safe side by securing a policy from

—THE—

**FRED EVERBACK AGENCY COMPANY**

Office over Milhaus Drug Store

**NICKEL TONIGHT**

Red Men's Week

Entire Change of Program Tonight

**ICE**

PHONE 621

**CLAUDE CARTER**

**We Give You Express Service At Freight Rates To and From LOUISVILLE**

**I. & L. Traction Co.**

**RUSTIC**

DOUBLE HEADER

"DOVE EYES GRATITUDE" (Indian Picture)

"MEXICAN CRIME" (Western Drama)

SONG: "MY WORLD IS A DREAM OF YOU"



## Telegraph Doomed

"Selector" Now  
Makes 'Phone  
Practical

By THURDE RAYLE BRUCE



**T**WENTY-FIVE years ago the man with the temerity to suggest that the telegraph would disappear from the railroads within half a century would have been set down as a fool—or crazy.

Today the railroad telegraph is on the brink of the abyss and a little shove will push it over. Thirty of the principal railroads of the United States are experimenting with a substitute for the telegraph. Eighty have given serious consideration to the subject and a majority have decided to begin the change. These eighty roads operate 211,681 miles of track, 70 per cent. of the country's total, and at the present time have 11,632 miles equipped for the new experiment.

The new means of communication between stations is to be the telephone. For several years railroad officials have been considering the telephone as a possible substitute for the key in the operation of trains. Nothing was done except in a small way, because there was no way to prevent every other person on the line from hearing the message.

The invention of the "selector" put the matter in a new light. The "selector," which has been made practicable, is an instrument that makes it possible for the central office to communicate with any suboffice unknown to all the other suboffices. The suboffices to communicate with each other must do so through the central office. Only one set of wires is used.

Recent events have added to the arguments in favor of the telephone. One of the most effective was the decision by Judge Kenesaw M. Landis of the United States court upholding the nine-hour law for railroad employees. In order to obey this law the railroads must have an additional force of 15,000 telegraph operators, the estimated salaries of which would aggregate \$10,000,000 a year.

It would be far less difficult to secure competent telephone operators, the advocates of the telephone train dispatching system contend, because it would require not more than one-fifth the time for them to qualify.

Another economical argument in favor of the telephone is that in the country districts the offices could be manned by "natives" with just as good, if not better, results than could be obtained by importing operators. The residents would be willing to accept lower wages in order to live at home. It is estimated by some of the leading railroads that a saving of from 15 to 46 per cent. could be effected in this manner.

The recent tieup in Mexico of the national railways because of a strike of their American telegraph operators is pointed to as another argument in favor of the telephone. The possibility of a general traffic prostration would have been averted, the argument goes, if telephones had been in use, for the telephones could have been manned by residents of the country.

The perfection of the "selector" is believed to have met the former objection to the telephone that it would not be as safe as the telegraph. With every phoned message from one station to another going through the central office a constant check would be kept on the operators and the trains.



## Many Acres of Fine Farm Land Idle

By JUST WALBOM  
Des Moines, Iowa

I have a small tract of land, only ten acres, but I know that by growing vegetables and small fruits and by raising poultry a small family will have enough to support it through life on even so little ground.

I intend to settle down on my piece of land in the fall and as soon as my first crop of potatoes is marketed, for which I expect to receive a return of from \$100 to \$150 an acre, I will plant orange and fig trees, and between the trees set out strawberries and cabbages.

It requires a great deal of patience, but if a man is determined to win and puts all of his strength and will power in for that purpose, he will at least succeed in the great race for independence.

Being a wage worker and realizing the uncertainty of procuring a good living by such a life, I came to the conclusion that a piece of land was my only salvation. My advice to every wage worker is to secure a piece of land before it is too late.

There is still land to be had from Lake Michigan to the gulf and from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean.

## How Many Banks Are Wrecked

By LOUIS BENKO

In nine cases out of ten the embezzler who wrecks a bank uses falsified or worthless papers as a considerable part of the assets and as the abstractions are made gradually, covering several years, it's safe to say that the examiner had failed to investigate the nature of these papers as to their real value.

In the recent \$137,000 crime at Lewiston, Idaho, it is stated that the defalcation extended over a period of five years, aided by manipulation of the daily balance on an adding instrument.

Isn't this a most ridiculous and annoying statement? The national bank examiners' absolute duty is to investigate every amount and figure of the assets and liabilities, to refoot each column and to find out in this way with absolute correctness the actual balance.

If he failed to do it he is guilty and must be held criminally and the government financially responsible for the depositor's money.

For the depositor makes his deposit at a national bank with entire confidence—perhaps to awaken some day to learn that he has lost his little savings of long years' toil because of the examiner's carelessness.



A NURSERY AUTO.

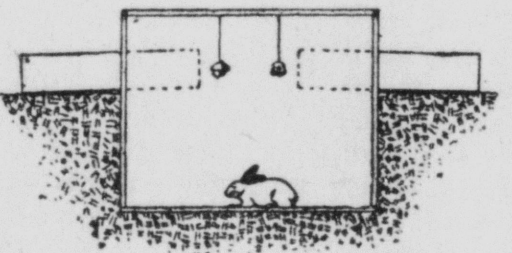


Oh, the joy of a glorious team!  
Beating all the powers of steam.  
A crack of the whip and off they go,  
Through the rain and through the snow.

## RABBIT TRAP IS EASILY MADE.

Good Serviceable Affair Can Be Constructed by Sinking Common Dry Goods Box in Ground.

A good serviceable rabbit trap can be made by sinking a common dry goods box in the ground to within 6 in. of its top. A hole 6 or 7 in. square is cut in each end level with the earth's surface and boxes 18 in. long, that will just fit are set in, hung on pivots, with the longest end outside, so they will lie horizontal. A rabbit may now look through the two tubes, says the American Thresherman. The bait is hung on a string from the top of the large box so that it may be seen and smelled from the outside. The rabbit naturally goes into the holes and in this trip there is nothing to



Rabbit in the Trap.

awaken his suspicion. He smells the bait, squeezes along past the center of the tube, when it tilts down and the game is shot into the pit, the tube righting itself at once for another catch. The top and sides of the large box may be covered with leaves, snow or anything to hide it. A door placed in the top will enable the trapper to take out the animals. By placing a little hay or other food in the bottom of the box the trap need not be visited oftener than once a week.

## TELEPHONE OF SPIDER WEB

Large, Ugly Insect Is Easily Deceived By Tuning Fork Placed on One of the Tiny Threads.

A gentleman in Ohio was watching some spiders, when it occurred to him to try what effect the sound of a tuning fork would have upon them. He suspected that they would take it for the buzzing of a fly.

He selected a large, ugly spider that had been feasting on flies for two months. The spider was at one edge of its web. Sounding the fork, the man touched a thread at the other side and watched the result. Mr. Spider had the buzzing sound conveyed to him over his telephone wires, but how was he to know on which particular wire it was traveling?

He ran to the center of the web very quickly and felt all around until he touched the thread against the other end of which the fork was sounding; then, taking another thread along, just as a man would take an extra piece of rope, he ran out to the fork and sprang upon it.

Then he retreated a little way and looked at the fork. He was puzzled. He had expected to find a buzzing fly. He got on the fork again and danced with delight. Evidently the sound was music to him.

## NEEDLE FLOATING ON WATER

Simplest Way Is to Lay Tiny Piece of Steel on Tissue Paper—Latter Will Soon Sink.

There are several ways of making a needle float on the surface of the water. The simplest way is to place a piece of tissue paper on the water and lay the needle on it, the paper soon becomes soaked with water and sinks to the bottom, while the needle is left floating on the top.

Another method is to hang the needle in two slings made of threads, which must be carefully drawn away as soon as the needle floats.

If you magnetize a sewing needle by rubbing it on a fairly strong magnet, and float it on the water, it will make an extremely sensitive compass, and if you place two needles on the water at the same time you will see them slowly approach each other until they float side by side; that is, if they do not strike together so heavily as to cause them to sink.

## A Plain Baby.

"Johnnie," said teacher, "I hear you have a new baby up at your house. Is it a boy or a girl?"  
"Neither," said Johnnie promptly. "It's just a plain baby!"

## QUEER.

Miss Agatha Dunn sat out in the sun. And faded her pretty pink gown. Mamma scolded well, until the tears fell in torrents that threatened to drown. "Your dress is a sight, I declare it is white. But wear it you certainly must! 'Tis a poor recompense, that a child of your sense, Is too much of a baby to trust."

Miss Agatha Dunn sat out in the sun. In a gown that had one time been pink. "If only I could bring it back—oh, I would!"

She cried, and proceeded to think. Some raspberry ice, so cooling and nice, In the freezer stood waiting for tea. Said Miss Dunn: "Oh, I guess, if I dip in my dress, A beautiful pink it will be."

Miss Agatha Dunn rose out of the sun. And slipped off the gown in a trice. She rolled it up tight—there was no one in sight—

And she soaked it in raspberry ice. It came out quite pink, but what do you think! When the news of it reached mamma's ear

She scolded much more than she scolded before. Now, don't you think mothers are queer?

## CLEVER BIRDS AND ANIMALS

Magpies and Cats Possess Unusual Intelligence—Interesting Tale of Kitten and Tom Cat.

Magpies are as clever as they are noisy. One was offered an extinguished cigar stump which it began to tear apart. But apparently changing its mind, the bird proceeded to rub the stump, held in its beak, over every part of its body, including the wings, in a most careful and methodical manner. The experiment was subsequently repeated many times, always with the same result. The magpie is so fond of tobacco that it repeatedly has snatched a lighted cigar from a man's hand against his will. It also picks up fallen cigar ashes and strews them over its feathers.

It is thought that these actions have a purpose, the destruction of parasites, and are determined by atavism, or inherited instinct. In the wild state some unidentified plant must have been used as an insecticide instead of tobacco. The magpie's action, furthermore, seems to be an unquestionable instance of the use of tools by a lower animal.

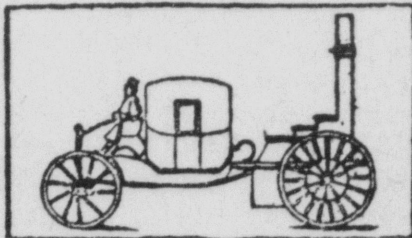
Cats, too, are famously clever. A kitten about six months old was taken to a house a few miles from its birthplace, confined in a room, and tenderly cared for during a week, and then set at liberty. It was supposed to have become accustomed to its new surroundings, but it returned to its old home on the day of its release.

The sense of locality and direction was exhibited still more strikingly by an old tom cat which was stolen and carried a distance of 20 miles, confined in a bag. The cat was imprisoned, but made its escape, and in a few days reappeared in a pitiable state at the home of its former master, which was separated from that of the thief by a high wooded cliff.

## AUTOMOBILES MADE IN 1784

Machines, Propelled by Steam, Were Seen on English Highways Over Century Ago.

Although aeroplanes may be said to be a completely new invention, the same cannot be said of the automobile. That illustrated below is considerably over a century old. The power employed was steam, and it was to be seen on the highways of



The First Automobile.

England so far back as 1784. It was at that time regarded as the wonder of the world. In appearance it was cumbersome, even when compared with that nerve-racking production of the present day, the motor-bus, but it answered its purpose very well.

## WAYS OF CATCHING MONKEYS

Filipino Natives Have Decidedly Interesting Method of Capturing Lazy Little Animals.

In the Philippine Islands the natives catch monkeys in a curious way.

The monkeys are fond of the meat of coconuts, which grow as plentifully there as apples do in our country. They are lazy, though, about gnawing through the outer bark, and will only do so when exceedingly hungry. The natives take advantage of their greed and indolence by cutting a small opening through the shell, just large enough for Mr. Monkey's long, thin hand to penetrate.

When he once gets inside, he gets his hands full of delicious, dainty meat, and his hand is naturally wider in this act than when it entered. Finding his hand will not come out the monkey chatters and scolds, plainly showing his indignation at the way he has been trapped, but never thinks of loosening his hold on the coconut and withdrawing his hands as easily as he put it in. There he stands, an angry monkey, until the man who set the coconut trap comes and takes him captive.

## After the Concert.

She—It must be fine to sing on the glee club.  
He—It ought to be fine or imprisonment.—Tiger.

## GOING HIS BAIL

By CARL JENKINS

Arthur Crampton was 40 miles out of the city in his automobile. He wasn't motoring to see the country, but to hunt up some information for the law firm of Black, Swope & Crampton, to which he had just been admitted. This information must be sought for quietly, very quietly.

Miss Nora Haskell was motoring from her mother's house to the village of Glen Head, and driving her own car. Her chauffeur sat beside her, but he was not considered in the matter of operating the car. At a certain point she overtook another auto. It was that of Mr. Crampton, who was slithering along as quietly as possible and raising as little dust as he could. Miss Haskell wanted to show off a little. She was in no great hurry, but she wanted to show the man ahead that he was a slow coach for the road. He gave her room to pass.

But as her auto came up, he let out another speed notch. He was cautioned to slip along quietly, and here he was, racing along at break-neck speed. He even wanted to shout. He wanted to swing his cap.

The two machines raced side by side for 50 rods, and then Mr. Crampton pulled ahead. Miss Haskell tried it twice more and failed each time. She was not queen of that turn-pike. The chauffeur started to say something, but she silenced him with a look, and was getting ready for a fourth trial when a country constable stepped into the highway ahead.

"The squire is waitin' for just sech folks as you!" he said as he climbed into Mr. Crampton's auto, and beckoned for the other to follow.

The justice was in his office, half a mile ahead. It was his solemn day. He looked at the culprits over his spectacles and said:

"Sixty miles an hour, and suppose you'd have met a load of hay! Suppose an innocent child had been crossing the road! Suppose a one-legged man had been going along with his eyes on the ground!"

"But, your honor, the road was clear, and the pace was not sixty miles an hour," protested the young lawyer.

"Young man sit down. This is a serious case, and not to be decided in a minute. I adjourn it for three days, and hold you both in bail in the sum of one hundred dollars each."

"I haven't \$100 with me," stammered the lawyer as he went back to the young lady. "Can you telephone to any of your friends to get bail for yourself?"

She took two diamond rings from her fingers and advanced to the desk, laid them down and said:

"I will go bail for both. The rings are worth double the amount."

The three days passed and the culprits were on hand for the trial.

It was plain that the justice was prejudiced in the case, at least so far as Mr. Crampton was concerned. He got the speed up to eighty miles an hour, and the constable swore that he heard whooping and yelling and that if a milkman had come along he'd have been smashed to a powder. He had probably dared the young lady to race with him and she accepted the dare. She was fined ten dollars as a great moral lesson, but Mr. Crampton was fined fifty.

The fines were paid and the culprits were about to depart when the constable stepped up to the lawyer and said:

"Warrant here for you, sir! It won't do any good to cut up rusty, for I'm a powerful man."

"A warrant for me? For what?"

"For bigamy. You are wanted in Connecticut for having four wives!"

Nora looked at Mr. Crampton for an explanation.

"It's some silly, nonsensical mistake," he said, after reading the warrant.

Nora and her mother had been assisted into the auto. The mother hung on to the daughter, but the latter pulled away and got down and said to the justice:

"I own real estate in my own name, and I want to go bail for Mr. Crampton."

Mr. Crampton protested, and the mother called out, and the constable leered, but the bond was made out and signed. On the way home the mother wept as she said:

"Nora Haskell, have you gone crazy? You overtake a villain on the road, have a race with him and then go his bail!"

"Why—why, perhaps I just want to race with him again and beat him, and I can't do that if they send him to prison!" laughed the girl.

Inside of two days the constable was shaking in his shoes, and the solemn justice was saying that anyone ought to have known that a member of the law firm of Black, Swope & Crampton had never been in Connecticut and married four wives. The man wanted was probably some bald-head in New Jersey.

And then old Mr. Black, who happened to know the widow Haskell personally, came down and had a talk with her, and had words of praise for Nora, and so it came about that when Mr. Crampton called to express his thanks he could not complain of his reception, and he was more than pleased when Miss Nora remarked:

"But don't you take it that this thing is over with yet. We must have another race."

They had it later on and the young lady came out ahead, and there was no bail bond to sign. It was another sort of a bond. The name of a minister was signed to it.

## WHERE AERONAUTS LIGHT



Jim—His flying machine was an utter failure.

Jennie—Wouldn't it fly?

Jim—He didn't expect it to fly, and he built the blamed thing so big that we can't get it into a lecture hall.

## WHY HE REFRAINED



Parson Jones—You look like a good little boy. I hope you never go fishing on Sunday.

Boy—Not much! Every fishing hole is crowded wit' church members on Sunday and dey queers de hull ting.

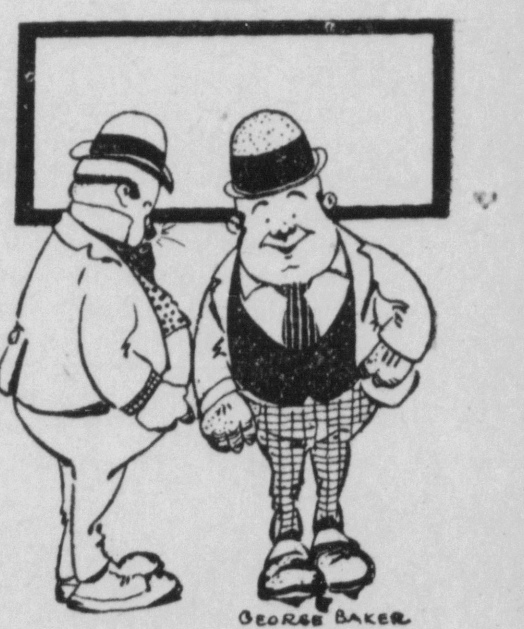
## THEY ARE ONE AND A HALF



Benham—The paper says that in Norway married people can travel for a fare and a half.

Mrs. Benham—Married people aren't one, even in Norway, are they?

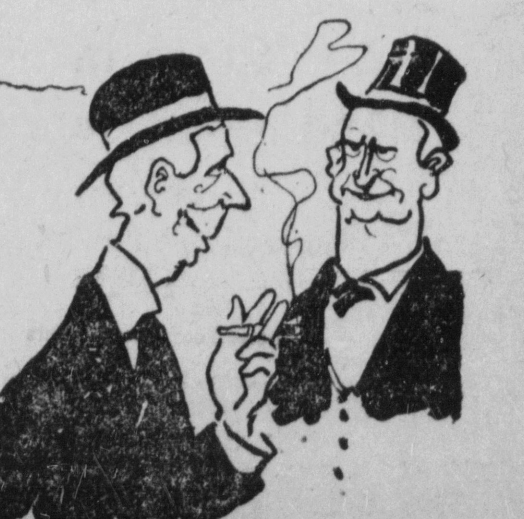
## NOTHING NEW



"I think your wife is keeping something from you, old man."

"Oh, well, I never did know her age."

## FLATTERED



Smith—I see your name in one of the large books just published.

Jones—Is that so? What book?

Smith—In the city directory.



# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS**  
Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*

The Kind You Have Always Bought  
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

### JOSE MADRIZ

President of Nicaragua, Who Has Fled From Insurgents.



## SHERMAN AND CURTIS FULLY EXONERATED

### Report of Committee in Indian Land Charges.

Sulphur, Okla., Aug. 22.—The select committee appointed by the house of representatives to investigate Indian land affairs and the so-called McMurray contracts and which also has been investigating the charges, has issued the following statement:

"The committee has heard and carefully considered all of the testimony submitted and is unanimously of the opinion that there is and was no warrant for any person to use the names of Vice President Sherman and Senator Charles S. Curtis in connection with any improper relation with any Indian contract whatever."

This is the opinion of the committee, after hearing scores of witnesses who appeared following the testimony of Senator T. P. Gore. Senator Gore declared he had been approached by Jake L. Hamon and that Hamon, acting in the interest of J. S. McMurray, had offered him (Senator Gore) \$25,000 or \$50,000 as a bribe to promote in congress the contracts by which McMurray was to receive 10 per cent attorney fees on the sale of \$30,000,000 worth of Indian lands.

The senator testified that Hamon had mentioned Sherman and Curtis and Vice President Sherman as being interested in the deal, Mr. Sherman being named as the man "higher up." Hamon on the stand denied he had ever said anything about the contracts to Gore. The committee announced that the investigation had not been concluded.

Senator Gore said: "The investigation is nearing completion. I am entirely satisfied with the result. It will eventuate in infinite good to the people of Oklahoma, both the white man and to the red man. The affairs of the Indian will be wound up and without charge or cost to him."

### Nicaragua Settles Down.

New Orleans, Aug. 23.—Cablegrams have been received here confirming the report that the revolutionists under General Mena had captured Granada and Managua and that the government forces had abandoned Bluefield, Dr. Madriz having been deposed as president of Nicaragua and having turned the office over to Jose D. Estrada, a brother of the revolutionary leader, who in turn abdicated in favor of General Juan J. Estrada. It is thought there will be no further opposition to General Estrada.

Dysentery is a dangerous disease but can be cured. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has been successfully used in nine epidemics of dysentery. It has never been known to fail. It is equally valuable for children and adults, and when reduced with water and sweetened, it is pleasant to take. Sold by Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Great Crowd Greets the Colonel.

Utica, N. Y., Aug. 23.—All the mills in Utica, New York Mills, Whitesboro and Oriskany closed down at noon today to permit their several thousand employees to get up to Summit park this afternoon and hear Colonel Roosevelt's speech, while excursions on all roads entering Utica brought thousands to swell the crowd.

When the digestion is all right, the action of the bowels regular, there is a natural craving and relish for food. When this is lacking you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They strengthen the digestive organs, improve the appetite and regulate the bowels. Sold by Andrews-Schwenk

Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston has announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor of Massachusetts.

Kidney trouble is particularly to be dreaded because its presence is not usually discovered until it has assumed one of its worst forms—diabetes, dropsy, or Bright's disease. If you suspect that your kidneys are affected, by all means use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea—the great systematic cleanser and regulator. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Ran in Front of Machine.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 22.—Irene Koch, eight years old, was run over and instantly killed by an automobile driven by Mrs. Fred Tressell. The child started to cross the street and ran directly in front of the machine, which was turning a corner.

Mothers—Have you tried Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea? It's a great blessing to the little ones, keeps away summer troubles. Makes them sleep and grow. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Rev. A. Haberich, pastor of the Evangelical church at Miltonburg, O., is in jail on a charge of wholesale theft of watches from fellow schoolmates of one of the seminaries of his church in St. Louis.

Men always love to see a girl  
With a dandy clear complexion;  
Rocky Mountain Tea's the stuff  
That gives it to perfection.

## MINERS INDORSE PRESENT STRIKE

Assessment of \$1 a Week Levied On All Working Miners.

### RIOTOUS SCENE AT THE CLOSE

Tension Which Had Been Growing for Days Broke in a Storm Just Before Final Adjournment Sunday Morning and a Lewis Supporter Was Seriously Injured When a Conflict With Illinois Men Was Precipitated.

Indianapolis, Aug. 22.—The special convention of the United Mine Workers adjourned at 2 o'clock Sunday morning, just after a riot in which two men were knocked down and one was so badly beaten with a pop bottle that it required a doctor to sew up the gashes in his scalp. He was a delegate from Missouri who had stood by Lewis in the exciting debate over the substitution in the committee reports, and his assailants were from Illinois. The man was attacked in the corridors of the hall and knocked two of his assailants down, but they came at him so fast and in such numbers that he was bleeding from a dozen scalp wounds before others interfered and saved him.

Speaking of the results of the convention, President Lewis said that its chief work was the indorsement of all existing strikes, which are to be supported by an assessment of \$1 per week on every working miner.

"The fact that the convention failed to reaffirm the position of the mine workers in respect to wage contracts when made," said he, "may temporarily make a bad impression, but it does not reflect the real sentiment and attitude of the membership. The alleged referendum vote of Illinois will be counted and the result announced, not because it will have any effect, but will simply gratify the prejudices of a body of men."

In order to properly finance the present strike the committee found that the following amount is the minimum which will be required each week to support them:

	Men on strike.	Amount required.
District 5 .....	10,000	\$20,000
District 12 .....	39,000	45,000
District 15 .....	1,503	6,500
District 14 .....	8,000	20,000
District 21 .....	11,000	27,500
District 25 .....	8,000	20,000
District 26 .....	1,158	5,000
Total .....		\$144,000

President Lewis intimated very strongly that the organization would not change its policy in respect to the employment of organizers when he said: "We have always had paid organizers and always will have them, as long as we have 400,000 non-union miners in this country. The proposed doing away with these organizers could not be carried into effect because it would have set aside the constitution and the convention was not a constitutional convention. The results of the conventions may be temporarily bad, but as soon as the men at home understand the situation the outcome will be beneficial to them and to the industries of the country."

### MAY GO TO MAINE

Indiana Superintendent of Education Gets Offer From the East.

Indianapolis, Aug. 22.—Dr. Robert J. Ale, state superintendent of public instruction and nominee of the Democratic party for re-election this fall, has been tendered the presidency of the University of Maine. Mrs. Ale said she had received a telegram from Dr. Ale at Portland, which led her to believe he had virtually accepted the place. Dr. Ale attended the meeting of the board of trustees in Portland and is now on his way home. The resignation of President George Emery Fellows, tendered last June, goes into effect Sept. 1.

The presidency of the Maine institution pays \$5,000 a year. The president also is furnished a house. The salary of the state superintendent of public instruction in Indiana is \$3,500 a year. The offer came to Dr. Ale at the time he was in the east attending the meeting of the National Education association at Boston. It was entirely unsolicited, but came as a recognition of Dr. Ale's high achievements in the field of education. The university has seventy instructors.

It is well known to Dr. Ale's friends that he does not like politics. Less than a year ago he was offered the presidency of the University of Oklahoma and thought seriously of accepting until he learned that the board of trustees was at that time divided into factions. Dr. Ale also was offered the presidency of the Wisconsin Normal school at La Crosse, Wis. That place is now filled by Fassett A. Cotton, former state superintendent.

### Didn't Know He Was Hit.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 22.—Although the bullet from a gun accidentally shot penetrated his body, Luther Jones, seventeen years old, will recover, it is said. Jones was watching his cousin while they were hunting. He heard the shot, but did not know he was hit until he saw the blood gushing from his breast.

### They Have a Definite Purpose

Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief in cases of kidney and bladder ailments. Mrs. Rose Glaser Terre Haute, Ind., tells the result in her case "After suffering for many years from a serious case of kidney trouble and spending much money for so called cures, I found Foley Kidney Pills the only medicine that gave me a permanent cure. I am again able to be up and attend to my work. I shall never hesitate to recommend them."

### ON THEIR WAY BACK

Dr. Crippen and the Leneve Woman Sail For London in Custody.

Quebec, Aug. 22.—Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen and Ethel Clare Leneve, in custody of Inspector Dew of Scotland Yard, have sailed for England on board the Megantic, due at Liverpool at noon next Saturday. By Saturday night they probably will be lodged in a London jail to await trial for the murder of a woman supposed to be Crippen's wife, Belle Elmore.

### What is Best for Indigestion?

Mr. A. Robinson of Drumquin, Ontario, has been troubled for years with indigestion, and recommends Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets as "the best medicine I ever used." If troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Andrews-Schwenk Drug store

### Alleged Postoffice Thief.

Boston, Aug. 22.—Another fugitive from the Russian government has been arrested here by United States officers on request of the Russian vice consul at this city. He is Theophile Pavlutchek, and is wanted in Russia for the larceny of \$3,175 from the postoffice at Zachacievka, Russia, in January, 1908.

### Granulated Sore Eyes Cured.

"For twenty years I suffered from a bad case of granulated sore eyes, says Martin Boyd of Henrietta, Ky. "In February, 1903, a gentleman asked me to try Chamberlain's Salve. I bought one box and used about two-thirds of it and my eyes have not given me any trouble since." This salve is for sale by Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Killed by Traction Car.

Peru, Ind., Aug. 22.—Charles McClure, twenty years old, was killed at Gilrad by a Winona interurban car. He had been asleep on the cattle guard fence and when the car whistle blew he became frightened and jumped forward. He struck the vestibule of the car and was instantly killed.

### Foley Kidney Pills

Tonic in quality and action, quick in results. For backache, dizziness, nervousness, urinary irregularities and rheumatism.

### Auto Ran Over Boy.

Elwood, Ind., Aug. 22.—The eleven-year-old son of David Jones was run down and probably fatally injured by an auto owned and driven by Solomon Cannon. The machine was running slowly at the time and after striking the boy one wheel passed across the lower abdomen.

Be sure and take a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with you when starting on your trip this summer. It cannot be obtained on board the trains or steamers. Changes of water and climate often cause sudden attacks of diarrhoea, and it is best to be prepared. Sold by Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### It Wouldn't Budge.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 22.—The monoplane invented by Persa Belle of this city has refused to fly. An attempt at an ascension was made with the contrivance, but though the motor buzzed furiously, the machine refused to budge from the ground.

If your liver is sluggish and out of tone, and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to-night before retiring and you will feel all right in the morning. Sold by Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Had Mighty Close Call.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 22.—Hurled twenty feet away when a Big Four freight train struck his buggy as he drove up on to the tracks ahead of it at a crossing south of Wabash, Jack Ridgeway escaped injury, scarcely receiving a scratch.

In buying a cough medicine, don't be afraid to get Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it, and relief is to follow. Especially recommended for coughs, colds and whooping cough. Sold by Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Indiana Woodmen Meet.

Lafayette, Ind., Aug. 22.—The Woodmen of the World are holding their big state encampment in this city. The camp has been laid out according to army rules. Thousands of visitors are in the city.

### JOHN P. MITCHEL.

Young Acting Mayor of New York City and Reformer.



## PANAMANS EXCITED OVER THESE RUMORS

They Say United States Has No Right to Interfere.

Panama, Aug. 22.—Rumors in general circulation that the United States will not permit the election of Dr. Mendoza to the vice presidency by the assembly on Sept. 1, on the ground that such action would be unconstitutional, have caused alarm and excitement throughout the city. A newspaper interview with the American charge d'affaires confirms the reports, with the result that there is great agitation in political circles. Acting President Mendoza and the members of the cabinet maintain strict reserve concerning their future plans. Some members of the assembly claim that the American government has no right to dictate to them, or to meddle with the internal affairs of Panama. The officials are advising the people to keep calm. The alcalde and the police have taken measures to preserve order.

### A WESTERN WELCOME

Will Be Given Roosevelt Upon His Arrival at Cheyenne.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Aug. 22.—A genuine western welcome is in preparation for Colonel Roosevelt's visit here. Cheyenne's earlier frontier days' celebration takes place at the time of the former president's visit, and all the old-time cowboys will ride bucking horses, rope steers and perform all the feats of daring in which they excel. The streets of Cheyenne are already enlivened by the picturesque dress of men from the ranges, with the chaps, lariats and big spurs. Indians are also on hand to take part in the stage hold-up, riding contests and wild horse races. The arrival of Roosevelt will be the climax of the celebration. The program includes broncho busting for the world's championship, and ladies' relay riding championship. In these events some of the best men in the west are entered. Former Champion Dick Stanley will be among the broncho busters.

### MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

**Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.**  
Wheat—Wagon, 95c; No. 2 red, 96½c. Corn—No. 2, 65c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 32½c. Hay—Baled, \$16.00 @ 17.50; timothy, \$15.50 @ 17.50; mixed, \$13.50 @ 15.50. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.00. Hogs—\$7.50 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 4.25. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 6.00. Receipts—1,500 hogs; 1,500 cattle; 500 sheep.

**At Cincinnati.**  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.00. Corn—No. 2, 62c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—\$3.50 @ 7.00. Hogs—\$7.50 @ 9.00. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 4.00. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 6.75.

**At Chicago.**  
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.00½. Corn—No. 2, 61½c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 8.50; stockers and feeders, \$4.10 @ 6.20. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.70. Sheep—\$3.25 @ 4.40. Lambs—\$5.25 @ 6.85.

### WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	71	Pt. Cloudy
Albany.....	70	Clear
Atlantic City..	70	Cloudy
Boston.....	70	Clear
Buffalo.....	76	Cloudy
Chicago.....	84	Cloudy
Indianapolis...	78	Clear
New Orleans...	84	Cloudy
St. Louis.....	86	Clear
Washington...	74	Clear
Philadelphia...	72	Pt. Cloudy

Showers and slightly cooler; Wednesday partly cloudy and cooler.

## FARMER'S WIFE HAD HEAP TO DO

Mrs. Shepherd Was in Bad Shape When She Could Not Stand on Her Feet.

Durham, N. C.—"I am a farmer's wife," writes Mrs. J. M. Shepherd, of this city, "and have a heap to do."

"Four months ago I could not stand on my feet, to do anything much, but at this time I do the most of my work. I took Cardui and it did me more good than all the doctors."

"You don't know half how I thank you for the Cardui Home Treatment. I wish that all women who suffer from womanly trouble would treat themselves as I have."

Ladies can easily treat themselves at home, with Cardui, the woman's tonic. It is easy to take, and so gentle in its action, that it cannot do anything but good.

Being composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, Cardui cannot lay up trouble in your system, as mineral drugs often do. Its ingredients having no harsh, medicinal effects, and being non-poisonous and perfectly harmless, Cardui is absolutely safe for young and old.

Ask your druggist. He will tell you to try Cardui.

N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

## B. & O. S-W.

POPULAR EXCURSION TO

CINCINNATI, O.

AND RETURN

SUNDAY, AUG. 28

Special Train Will Leave Seymour at 8:45 A. M.

Returning Leave Cincinnati at 7 p. m.

Rate \$1.25 For the Round Trip

ATTRACTIONS

Base Ball—Cincinnati vs. Philadelphia, Zoological Garden, Chester Park, Coney Island and Ludlow Lagoon.

For further information see small hand bills or call at B. & O. S-W. ticket office or address

E. MASSMAN, Agent.  
W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.  
Vincennes, Ind.

## Pennsylvania LINES

Indianapolis

\$1 Excursion

SUNDAY, AUG. 28

Leave Seymour 9.25 a. m.

### Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the post office at Seymour, Indiana and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to dead letter office.

**Men**  
John Mann, Attorney.  
Mr. William Cambell.  
Mr. James Cordell.  
Mr. Jason Lacey.  
Mr. Edward W. Long.  
Mr. Evan Mitchell.  
Mr. George Stafford.

**Ladies**  
Mrs. W. M. Berton.  
Mrs. Nancy Cox.  
Mrs. Etta King.  
Miss Edna Sittler.  
Miss Bessie Lynch.  
Mrs. Dora McGee.  
Ella Philap.  
Mrs. Mollie SaAine.  
Mrs. Anna Watts.  
August 22, 1910.

EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

The Southern Indiana Railway Company Week End Excursion to Indian Springs, Ind.

We will sell excursion tickets to the above point at rate of one fare for the ROUND TRIP... NO REDUCTION FOR CHILDREN.  
DATES OF SALE: July 16-17; 23-24; 30-31; August 6-7; 13-14; 20-21; 27-28, 1910.

RETURN LIMIT. Monday following date of sale.

Get ready and go up and spend a day or two at this pleasant and picturesque place, noted for its famous springs. The trip will do you good. Fare from Seymour \$1.10 for the ROUND TRIP.

For further information, etc., call on or write the undersigned.

H. P. Radley, G. P. A., Terre Haute.  
C. V. Link, G. A., Bedford.  
S. L. Cherry, Agent, Seymour.



## W. A. Carter & Son

AGENTS FOR

## The Ideal Vacuum Cleaners

Hand Power and Electric

17 East Second Street



### Your Children's Teeth

should be as precious in your thoughts as their eyes—not only on account of their looks, but because teeth have so much to do with digestion, and good digestion makes for good health. Bring your little ones here and we will do their right thing by them.

Dr. B. S. Shiness

## New Furniture Store

I have a stock of the finest Furniture in the city at prices that are right at my new store on South Chestnut St. SPECIAL PRICES ON DAVENPORTS.

A. H. Droege

### Watch And Jewelry Repairing.

Have your watch examined. An honest opinion will cost you nothing. Bring this ad. good for 10 cents on each \$1.00 purchase or repair work. T. R. HALEY, Jeweler. 10 E. Second St. Seymour, Ind.

## STAR BAKERY

Wholesale Bread, Buns and Rolls. Picnic orders filled in any quantity. Phone 466 and 355. Bakery Corner South and East Streets

## SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK

Piano Teacher, Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St. SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

## H. LETT, M. D. C.

Veterinary Surgeon 111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR. Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.

## JACOB SPEAR JOHN HAGEL

Carpenters-Contractors BUILDING AND REPAIRING New work—hard wood floors a specialty SPEAR & HAGEL 630 N. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

## KINDIG BROS. ARCHITECTS

AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS Home Office W. 7th St. Phone No. 672. SEYMOUR, IND.

## LUMPKIN & SON, UNDERTAKERS.

Phone 697. Res. Phone 252. SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

## THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH HARRY J. MARTIN Editors and Publishers.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

**DAILY**  
One Year \$5.00  
Six Months 2.50  
Three Months 1.25  
One Month .45  
One Week .10

**WEEKLY**  
One Year in Advance \$1.00

TUESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1910

### REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

United States Senator—Albert J. Beveridge, Indianapolis.  
Secretary of State—Otis E. Gulley, Danville.  
Auditor of State—John E. Reed, Muncie.  
Treasurer of State—Jonce Monahan, Orleans.  
Attorney General—Finley P. Mount, Crawfordsville.  
State Geologist—W. S. Blatchley, Terre Haute.  
State Statistician—J. L. Peetz, Kokomo.

Judge Supreme Court, Second District—Oscar H. Montgomery, Seymour.  
Judge Supreme Court, Third District Robert M. Miller, Franklin.  
Judge Appellate Court, First District—Cassius C. Hadley, Danville; Ward H. Watson, Charlestown.  
Judges of the Appellate Court, Second District—Daniel W. Comstock, Richmond; Joseph M. Rabb, Williamsport; Harry B. Tuthill, Michigan City.

Robert J. Ale, Democratic candidate for reelection to the office of state superintendent of public instruction, has been tendered the presidency of the University of Maine. He would make no mistake by considering seriously before refusing this offer, as it is a certainty, while his reelection to the office which he now holds is by no means assured. That Indiana is going Republican this fall is more evident each day, and Mr. Ale, no doubt, already sees the handwriting that his office will be occupied by a Republican after the coming election.

### NIGHT LETTERS

Are Becoming Popular with the People of Seymour.

Night letter telegrams are becoming popular to Seymour people as well as those of other cities. A large number of night messages of this kind are handled here daily. Night letter messages are delivered each morning by messengers as soon as possible after the offices are opened and are half rate. They are sent and are destined to take the place of the mails.

### BORN.

To Mr. and Mrs. William Sullivan, Monday, August 22, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Dites Abel, of South Vine street, Tuesday, August 23, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Will Fox, of East Fourth street, Tuesday, August 23, a twelve-pound son.

### Roosevelt Article.

The subject of The Republican article, by ex-President Theodore Roosevelt, tomorrow will be "English Singing Birds." It is an interesting discussion of the songsters of our mother country and will be read with interest by every lover of nature.

### Entertained.

Mrs. J. H. Boake, of North Chestnut street, and daughter, Mrs. F. E. Short, of Louisville, entertained a party of ladies this afternoon in honor of Mrs. L. D. Worden, of Muncie, Ill. Refreshments were served and the afternoon was greatly enjoyed.

### House Party.

A number of young people from this city will give a house party at Peter's cabin from Wednesday until Sunday. The party will be composed of about twenty members, several of whom will be out-of-town guests.

### Smoking Before Tobacco.

It seems probable that there were smokers in England long before the introduction of tobacco, according to the London Graphic. Pipes have been discovered imbedded in the mortar of churches built before Europe's first acquaintance with tobacco, and it seems only reasonable to suppose that the people of that day smoked herbs of some sort, either medicinally or for pleasure. Coltsfoot was inhaled for asthma, though whether a pipe was used in the process remains a matter for conjecture.

## DR. G. W. FARVER,

Practice Limited to, DISEASES OF THE EYE. Room 2 Andrews-Schwenk Block, SEYMOUR, INDIANA. Office Hours: 8-12 a. m., 1-5, 7-8 p. m.

GLASSES FITTED.

### NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Helen Smith, little daughter of John Smith, of Woodstock, has typhoid fever.

Charles Kessler and family and Mrs. J. L. Kessler are camping at Shields this week.

Theo Groub is home from Lake Geneva, Wis., where he has been spending a vacation for several weeks.

James Cole, of Surprise, was here today on business. He is preparing to have a public sale of his personal property.

J. P. Honan, of the Seymour National Bank, is taking a two weeks' vacation. This morning he went to White river for a week's outing in a fishing camp.

Frank L. Stewart who was formerly employed at the Nickelo in Seymour, has written friends here that his father died recently in Peoria, Ill. and was taken to Indianapolis for burial.

The annual reunion of the Henderson family was held in Ragsdale's grove at Heltonville Sunday and was attended by 500 or 600 people, the majority of whom were members of the Henderson family either by birth or by marriage.

G. F. Pomeroy has returned from Louisville, where he spent several days with his wife, who is in the hospital there where she underwent a serious operation a few days ago. Mrs. Pomeroy is improving slowly and her condition is very satisfactory.

A card from Mark Williams states that he and Mrs. Williams started on their journey down the river this morning. They put their canoe in the water near Winamac and will enjoy the good fishing along the way. Mr. Williams expects to have some excellent fish stories to relate when he reaches this city.

This is the season for county fairs, and practically every county in this section of the state has already held their fair or making preparations to do so within the next few weeks. The Bartholomew county fair began today and will continue until Saturday; the Johnson county fair association is advertising their annual event for August 31 to September 3; the Crothersville fair will be held from August 30 to September 2; Scott county fair from August 23 to 27; and the Washington county fair from September 6 to 9.

J. A. Weaver was given a pleasant surprise Sunday by a short visit from his brother-in-law, Henry Ward, of Rushville, Ill., who he had not seen for twenty-three years. Mr. Ward represented himself as interested in pension business and it was some time before he was recognized. Mr. Weaver has several close relatives he has not seen for many years. He has a half-sister in Kansas who he has not seen since 1860. Mr. Weaver's own family is widely separated. He has one son in Chicago, one in Louisiana, one in Kansas, one in Seymour, a daughter in New Albany and another in Indianapolis.

### DATES NAMED.

For the Preliminary Township Institutes.

The dates and places for holding the preliminary institutes in the different townships are as follows:

Carr township: Medora, Sept. 8.  
Jackson, Washington and Redding townships: Seymour, Sept. 9.  
Hamilton township: Cortland, Sept. 10.  
Driftwood township: Vallonia, Sept. 8.  
Brownstown township: Superintendent's office, Sept. 10.  
Salt creek township: Freetown, Sept. 29.  
Owen township: Clearspring, Sept. 29.  
Vernon township: Crothersville, Sept. 30.  
Grassy Fork township: Tampico, Sept. 30.

### Married Today.

Gordon W. Sweeney and Miss Emma Bragg, from southeast of the city, were married at 2 o'clock this afternoon at J. A. Weaver's office by Justice H. P. Miller. Quite a number of relatives witnessed the ceremony. The groom is a son of Alexander Sweeney, south of town, and the bride's parents formerly lived in that locality, but now reside in Randolph county.

### Excellent Corn.

Fred Mellencamp is delivering his corn today at the Anderson elevator. He has eight teams employed in making the delivery. The quality is excellent.



## At This Season

you should exercise great care to have your home in a perfect sanitary and healthy condition. Among other things, your plumbing system is the most important feature that requires careful attention.

When you consider that the health of your family is governed largely by domestic sanitary conditions you can readily see the extreme necessity of guarding against any possible defects in your plumbing system.

Let us examine your plumbing and quote you a price on correcting any defective piping or installing new fixtures.

"Standard" plumbing fixtures and our expert service never fail to please.

Illustrated literature always on hand.



## W. C. BEVINS

SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET

### Republican Convention.

The Republican county convention will be held at Brownstown on Monday, September 19, 1910, and will be called to order at 11 a. m. The delegates to the county convention will be chosen by the Republicans of the several townships on Saturday, September 17. Each township will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate for every twenty-five votes cast for William Howard Taft in 1908. The Republicans of each township are called to meet in mass convention at time and place designated below to select their delegates.

Brownstown township—Place of meeting, Brownstown; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 10; alternates, 10.

Carr Township—Place of meeting, Medora; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 8; alternates, 8.

Driftwood Township—Place of meeting, Vallonia; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 6; alternates, 6.

Grassy Fork Township—Place of meeting, Tampico; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 5; alternates, 5.

Hamilton Township—Place of meeting, Cortland; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 6; alternates, 6.

Jackson Township—Place of meeting, Seymour; time, 7:30 p. m.; delegates, 35; alternates, 35.

Owen Township—Place of meeting, Clearspring; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 6; alternates, 6.

Redding Township—Place of meeting, Walnut Grove; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 6; alternates, 6.

Salt Creek Township—Place of meeting, Freetown; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 7; alternates, 7.

Vernon Township—Place of meeting, Crothersville; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 8; alternates, 8.

Washington Township—Place of meeting, Dudleytown; time, 1:30 p. m.; delegates, 4; alternates, 4.

Total numbers of delegates to be chosen, 101; alternates, 101.

The Republicans are all urged to attend both the township convention on Saturday, September 17, and the county convention on Monday, September 19. A good speaker, probably one of the candidates on the state ticket, will address the county convention.

W. P. MASTERS,  
NOBLE T. MOORE, Co. Chrmn.  
Secy.

We do "Printing That Pleases."

## SURE THING

You get the best work at the coolest place in this city.

New Lynn Basement Barber Shop

STEWART & COX, Proprietors

## SHOE SALE

BEGINNING FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 19,

We will place on sale all this season's footwear at such prices that will sell them quickly.

In this sale we have not considered the cost at all for we want to sell out every pair, as we can use the money to better advantage than to carry them over until next season.

One lot of Ladies' Pumps, Sailor Ties, Sandal and Oxfords in Patents, Cravenettes, Suedes, Gun Metal and Vici in \$3.00 and \$3.50 grades, now **\$2.00**.

Other lots of the same kind sat **\$1.90, \$1.75, \$1.50 and \$1.25**.

Men's Patent and Gun Metal Oxfords in \$3.50 and \$4.00 grade, now **\$2.25 and \$2.50**.

Men's Tan Oxfords of all kinds in \$3.50 and \$4.00 grade, now **\$2.00 and \$2.25**.

Misses Patent and Gun Metal Pumps and Sailors in \$1.75 and \$2.00 grades, now **\$1.25, Children's \$1.00, 75c and 65c**.

A lot of Misses' and Children's Tan Pumps and Oxfords from **65c to \$1.00**.

Everything in these lots is positively less than cost, and we have out about 2000 pairs. These goods are placed out in lots on tables with sizes and price marked plainly so you can walk around and see all of them and select yourself.

We invite you to call and see them whether you buy or not.

## W. F. BUSH



## THE NEW "Rengo Belt" CORSET

Have you seen it? Conforming to all the latest requirements of fashion, it is especially designed for stout figures, has no superior as an abdomen reducer, and is guaranteed not to break. The RENGU BELT, on the front of this corset is responsible for—The comfort it gives, the style it produces, the way it wears, the hygienic support it gives the figure, and the modish swing it gives the gown.

Ask the corset department of any leading store to fit you with a RENGU BELT CORSET

of the proper model and size and you will find the first real comfort you have ever known in a corset that makes the medium and stout figure shapely without pinching.

Rengo Belt

Style 43 has High Bust and

Style 47 Low Bust

Style 49 High Bust, and

Style 50 Medium Bust

Extra quality Imported

Coutil.

For Sale By

## THE GOLD MINE CO.

Advertise in The REPUBLICAN. It PAYS



# One-half OFF

## On All Straw Hats

None Reserved

Buy Early and Get  
The Best

# THE HUB

## Books! Books!

One lot of 50c and 35c Books.  
ONE WEEK 25 CENTS PER COPY.

AT  
**T.R.CARTER'S**

### CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Buhner's Animal Fertilizer is a natural plant food and does not burn your crops. It will build humus in your soil. Humus will hold moisture. Acid fertilizer will sour your land and drive the humus out of the soil and burn your crops.

#### HAIR DRESSING

Coronet Braids, Corona Pads, shampooing, massaging, manicuring, hot and cold water baths, with or without attendant. Also a big sale of hats now going on.

MRE. E. M. YOUNG.

#### INTERURBAN LUNCH ROOM.

Short orders a specialty. Fresh fish and good coffee. Coca-Cola, Ice Cream and Soda. Fruit and Candy of all kinds.

#### ICE AT

H. F. WHITE  
PHONE NO. 1

#### LUMBER AND PLANING MILL.

Manufacturers of high grade mill work, veneered doors and interior finish. Dealers in Lumber Shingles, Lath Sash, Doors and Blinds. Established in 1855. The Travis Carter Co. Phone 74.

#### NOTICE.

There will soon be an advance on all grades of coal—anthracite, Pittsburg, in fact advance will be on all grades. As there was a 20 per cent. advance last April on coal, all wishing to buy leave their orders soon.

G. H. ANDERSON.

#### REYNOLDS' GROCERY.

Carson's Poultry Tonic and Pratt's Poultry Food for sale here. Staple and fancy groceries. Canned goods a specialty. Fruits and vegetables in season.

W. H. REYNOLDS.

#### T. M. JACKSON

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

Special attention given to fitting of glasses.

### PERSONAL.

Miss Emma Toedly is visiting in North Vernon.

Mrs. Henry Roeder has gone to North Vernon on business.

Miss Louise Vosbrink is visiting in North Vernon.

John Groub left last night for Lake Geneva, Wis.

Jasper Hill is home from a business trip to Indianapolis.

John L. Vogel was in Columbus today.

Mrs. Laura Bollinger left this morning for Charlestown, Indiana.

Miss Nina Ewing went to Indianapolis this morning.

Mike Surface was down from Redding this morning.

C. E. Layton is spending a few days in Kokomo.

Hollis Fultz, of Crothersville, was here today on business.

Mrs. E. G. Clendenen has gone to Bedford for a short stay.

Fred Lee, of Fort Mitchell, was here Monday evening on a short business trip.

Miss Harriet Montgomery is visiting David Montgomery and family at Bedford.

Coulter Montgomery is here from Hanover to spend several days with relatives.

Miss Alma Massman, of Cincinnati, is the guest of her sister, Miss Anna Massman.

Robert Benham and family, of Crothersville, have gone to Benham for a visit.

Mrs. George McPearson, of Columbus, O., is the guest of friends in this city this week.

Sheriff Jerry McOsler was here from Brownstown this morning on court business.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Williams are spending a short vacation with some friends in Ohio.

Frank Martin was here Monday afternoon from Clearspring transacting business.

W. E. Becker, superintendent of the Southern Indiana, was here from Terre Haute Monday.

Miss Luella Brand, who is teaching in the Jeffersonville Business College, is here visiting relatives.

Miss Flora Brooks, who has been in Cincinnati for some time, has returned to Crothersville.

Fred Aufenberg has the foundation almost completed for his new residence on Central Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Manual Tatlock are spending a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Weekly.

Mrs. J. E. McKinney has returned home from a visit with relatives at Crawfordsville and Indianapolis.

Fred Becker, of Cincinnati, returned home Monday after a visit with relatives here and at Crothersville.

Mrs. Lizzie Barnett has returned to her home in Charlestown after a visit here with Mrs. Charles M. Ingram.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lockman are home from Kurtz having spent several days the guests of friends there.

Mrs. Sarah Sanks, of Toledo and Mrs. Elizabeth Leigh, of Clearfield, Iowa, are visiting at James Demaree's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Hinkle have returned home from Kurtz where they spent several days visiting his parents.

Peter Platter, Herman Platter and Miss Amelia Platter were in Redding township on business Monday afternoon.

Miss Blanche Barick has returned home from a two months' trip through the New England states and eastern Canada.

Mrs. James McCauley, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Robert Blaine, has returned to her home in North Vernon.

Charles B. Rodgers, of Vineta, Okla., formerly of Shoals, and John B. Lloyd, of Shoals, called on Postmaster Remy today.

Mrs. French Meyer and daughter, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Fiesbeck, of Columbus, were guests at Joseph Ackerman's yesterday.

Miss Louise Shotts has returned to her home in Hamilton, O., after a visit in Seymour with Mr. and Mrs. Will Clark and other friends.

William Meseke and daughter, Miss Bertha, have returned from Columbus, after a short visit with his son, Albert Meseke and family.

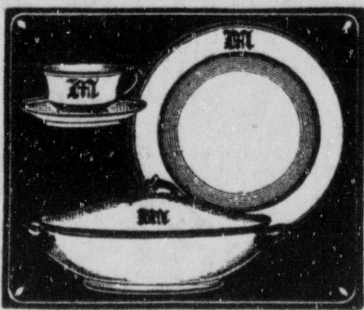
Charles Mann and wife, of Indianapolis, were in Seymour today. They had been visiting Mrs. Elizabeth Jones in southern Brown county.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry French returned to their home in Aurora Monday afternoon, having visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hirtzell for several days.

J. H. Brackemyre and wife, who have for some time been visiting at William Brackemyre's at Surprise, have returned to Greentown where he has charge of the schools.

Mrs. S. T. Walker and daughters, Misses Ruth and Kathleen, of Selma, Ala., and Mrs. Ed McCreary, of Greensboro, Miss., are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Reed, and their sister, Mrs. Frank Cook.

## Haviland Hand Painted China



We are now in a position to take your order for this Beautiful Initial China in Dinner Ware.

These goods are open stock and you can purchase any amount you wish at a very low price.

See our display in window.

Place your order now—you can't afford to wait.

**T. M. Jackson**  
Jeweler and Optician

## The Seymour Dry Goods Co. Piano Voting Contest Is Now On In Earnest

Ten organizations and eleven young ladies have entered to compete for the two grand pianos, one to be awarded to contestant of each contest receiving the largest number of votes.

Now is the time to help your friends, at the time you make your purchase be sure and secure your ballots.

Our Going out of Business Sale has created wide spread enthusiasm in this community. We are under contract to Mr. Beach, our Successor to reduce our stock to \$10,000 by Oct. 15th To accomplish this we have marked down every item in the stock to a sacrifice, a great many below the manufacturer's cost. Now is the time to secure your present and future needs during this sale. 50 votes are given for each 50c purchase or multiple of 50c to the full amount of purchase.

Extra sales people have been added to care for all customers.

**SEYMOUR DRY GOODS CO.**  
104 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET

Mrs. E. A. Remy and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, will return Wednesday from Iron Mountain, Mich., where they have been spending the summer. Miss Margaret Remy will remain until September.

Miss Edna Massman has returned to New Albany, after spending Sunday with her mother in this city. She was accompanied by two guests, Miss Newbanks and Miss Wood, of New Albany.

Mrs. Rebecca Elliott and daughter, Miss Esther, left Monday afternoon

for Indianapolis and this morning will leave for an outing of several days at Niagara Falls and other points of interest.

Mrs. Mollie Rumbley, accompanied by her guests, Mrs. William Beckman and Mrs. Orpha Johnson, of Indianapolis, and Mrs. Leach, of Dakota, went to Columbus this morning to attend the fair.

Misses Emma Vaughn and Lizzie Reber, of Indianapolis, are the guests of Henry Reber and family, of Central Avenue.

## SEYMOUR PLANING MILL COMPANY

419 S. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

### Mill Work a Specialty

#### DEALERS IN

Door and Window  
Frames, Doors and  
Windows, Building  
Material of all kinds,  
Red Cedar Fence  
Posts, Farm Gates,  
White Lead, Oil,  
and Mixed Paint.  
Best that is made.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK.

## Two Packages of Cracker Jack

For 5 Cents

**Mrs. McAllister**

North Chestnut street.

### AT THE EDGE OF THE WOOD

Lazy, hazy, dreamy Autumn is approaching—in fact, is already waiting at the edge of the wood. May it be as glorious as the summer just passing; may every reader of the REPUBLICAN rejoice and be glad at its coming. May they also not fail to use Nyal's Peroxide Cream to remove summer tan and all skin blemishes. Renders the skin soft and clear. Price, 25c.

**COX PHARMACY CO.,**  
Phone 100.

#### A BARGAIN.

Five-room Cottage on East Third street, \$1,250.00.

#### FOR TRADE.

Small Farm, near Seymour, for city property. See  
**E. C. BOLLINGER.**  
Phones 186 and 5.

I can sell you the best insurance policies, or a nice home for less money than any man in town  
**J. E. PRESTON**  
Office Over Miller's Book Store

We have put in a stock of  
**FINE SHOES**  
For Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children at our old stand, 129 South Chestnut St.

**P. COLABUONO**

The Shoemaker.

OUR MOTTO:—LIVE AND LET LIVE.

### SOLICITING YOUR BUSINESS.

Would like to list your city property if for sale or write your fire insurance.

**C. J. ATKISSON**  
Seymour, Indiana.

### We Have a Large Amount of Money to

Loan on Chattel Mortgages.

Money Loaned on Household Furniture, Also on Horses and Vehicles.

**L. E. MOSELEY, Seymour.**

Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile  
**Insurance**

Phone 244

**G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.**  
SEYMOUR, IND.

### CONGDON & DURHAM

Fire, Tornado, Liability,  
Accident and Sick Benefit

**INSURANCE**

Real Estate, Rental Agency  
Prompt Attention to All Business

**ELMER E. DUNLAP**  
**ARCHITECT**

824-828 State Life Bldg. INDIANAPOLIS. Branch Office: Columbus.

## THE NEW FALL SHAPES



In a Fall Derby you want the correct shape.  
In a Soft Hat you want the same thing.

We give you both.

You want the correct color.

You want it to wear well.

We guarantee it.

You want to pay as little as possible.

Here you do it—Hats \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00. You will be absolutely sure of newness and correctness of style if you buy here.

**THOMAS**  
CLOTHING CO.

Don't cudgel your brains!  
Give a  
**Waterman's**  
Ideal  
**Fountain Pen**  
The Quality Gift that everybody wants  
**J. G. LAUPUS**  
JEWELER  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA



# The TALLEST TREE THAT GROWS

By EDGERTON R. YOUNG

IN THESE days, when the reforesting of the waste lands of our country is becoming a question of such national importance, the study of the relative value of different species of trees is naturally very essential.

Scientific parties are scouring the earth in search for new plants, fruits and vegetables to add to our enjoyment and happiness. A good degree of success has already attended their efforts, and doubtless much more will yet be accomplished by them.

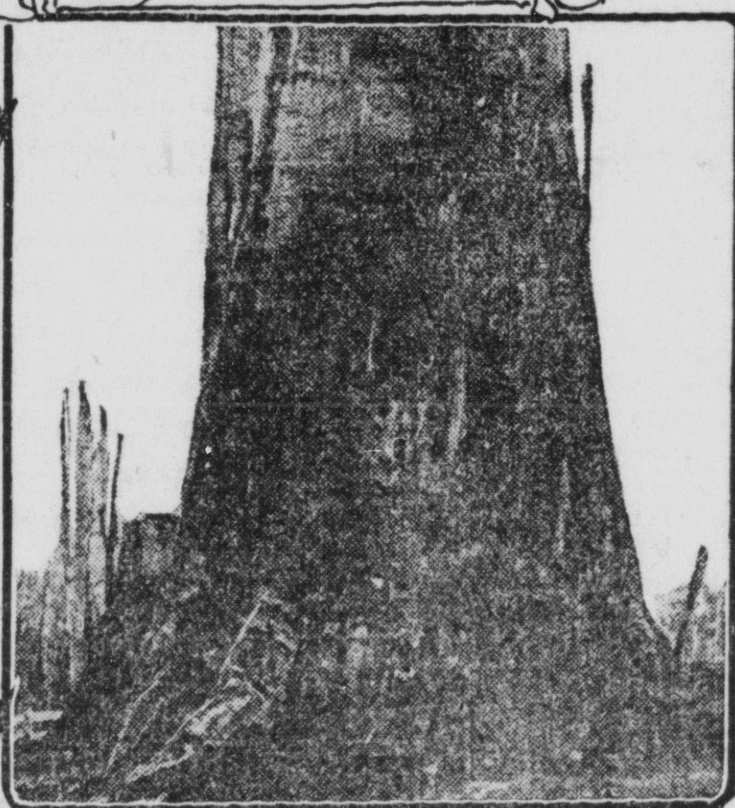
Owing to the rapidly increased price of timber and lumber, the matter of forest-growing is of vital interest to the great corporations like the railroads, manufacturing and building companies, that must have, for their very existence, vast quantities of timber and lumber. The timber required by the railroads for the one item of railroad ties, not taking into consideration the quantity used in the construction of cars and buildings, consumes the output of many hundreds of thousands of acres of timber lands every year.

While undoubtedly the valuable trees indigenous to America will be most largely replanted and utilized, many others that are not natives of this continent, when found by experiment to be easily grown and of value, will also be imported and largely cultivated.

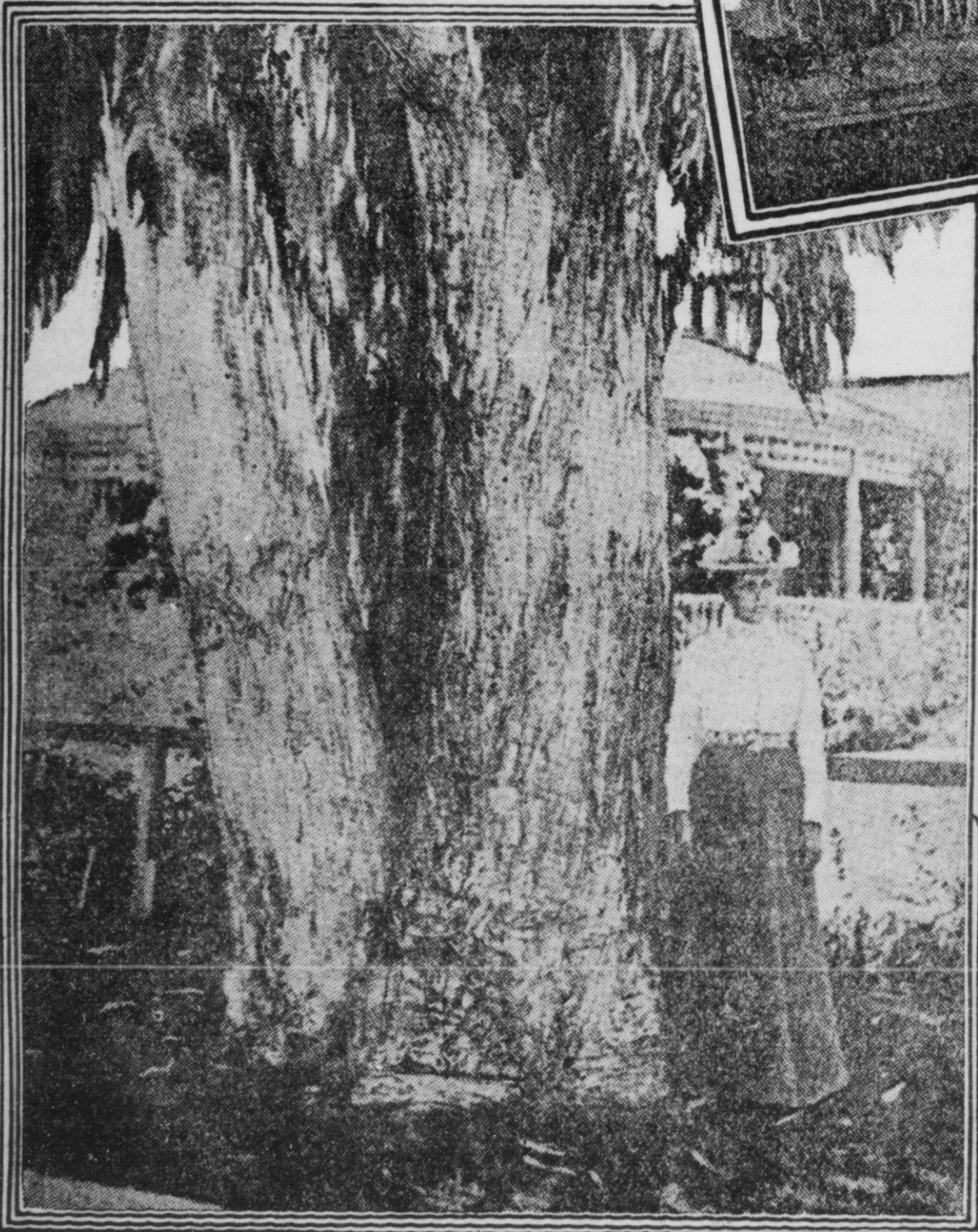
In the case of the eucalyptus this has already been done, and so extensively is the tree now grown in California, and so many and valued are its uses, that it will be news to multitudes to hear that there still live many who remember when it was first brought into that state



EUCALYPTUS GLOBULUS (THE BLUE GUM): CALIFORNIA



EUCALYPTUS 76 FEET IN CIRCUMFERENCE



EUCALYPTUS VIMINALIS: CALIFORNIA

by the late Bishop Taylor from distant Australia, its original home.

It was a surprise, as well as a revelation, to find on our recent visit to Australia that in that far-away land, under the Southern Cross, were growing trees that towered in the air 150 feet higher than the great Sequoia, the famous red wood of our American west; and yet such is the fact, as some specimens of the Eucalyptus amygdalina reach to the great height of 480 feet. Specimens abound that are from 120 to 200 feet in circumference. They are practically of no use for commercial purposes, as the expense of cutting down such enormous trees and then getting their logs split up into pieces that can be handled is so great that these monsters are passed by the thrifty lumbermen for the smaller ones that are more easily handled.

The Eucalyptus amygdalina is the tallest, if not perhaps the largest, tree that grows. Specimens over 400 feet high are frequently found, while some have been measured towering up to 470 and 480 feet. The timber of these great specimens is easily worked, and, as it does not warp readily, is much used in carpentry.

The eucalyptus tree is a genus of trees and shrubs of the natural order of Myrtaceae, embracing about 150 species. All but four of them are natives of Australia and Tasmania only. The eucalyptus trees are so abundant in many parts of Australia that over vast areas they are practically the only trees visible. The fact that the fully developed trees are destitute of symmetry and beauty robs the great Australian wooded regions of that attractiveness and charm which gives such pleasure and delight to the primeval forests of America.

One striking characteristic of several varieties of the eucalyptus is that, while they never seem to shed their leaves, they cast or slough off their bark in long strips every year. The leaves, which have a leathery appearance, contain a considerable quantity of volatile oil. The tincture or oil extracted from them has a bitter aromatic taste and is extensively used as a remedy for various diseases.

On the young shoots of many species the leaves in pairs are opposite to each other, as they appear on ordinary plants, while on the older branches the leaves are arranged alternately and grow in such a way that they present their edges to the sun. This seems to be nature's provision to protect them from the

intense heat of the tropical sun of those lands where they most flourish.

The Eucalyptus globulus, generally called the blue gum, from its bluish-green leaves, is the variety most successfully grown in California. It has also been introduced and flourishes in India, Natal, Egypt, Algeria, and in various parts of southern Europe and in some other warm countries. It cannot stand the frost, and so must be classed among tropical trees. Perhaps only in the state of Florida and California can we expect to see it in perfection in this country; yet although its introduction into California has been of but recent date, already its value to that state has been very considerable.

Some of the species of eucalyptus are much more valuable than others. There is also a great diversity both in their appearance and worth. One of the most valuable is the Eucalyptus marginata, popularly called the Jarrah wood. It grows to a great size and its timber is so hard that it is found to be especially valuable in the construction of wharves, as it resists the attack of the ship worms and borers that are so destructive to ordinary wood. Because of this quality it also enters largely into the construction of ships and is utilized in other marine uses.

Some varieties of the eucalyptus yield a kind of astringent gum or resin called Viny, while from others a species of manna—a hard little, sweet substance—is obtained in considerable quantities. As an antidote against malaria and as being valuable in warding off or dissipating malaria in regions where malaria abounds, the eucalyptus has obtained a considerable reputation. Expert opinions seem to be divided as to the way in which its beneficial results come about. Some think it is the result of the volatile oils which these trees give off through their leaves, acting as a neutralizing and even destructive power against the malarial matter in the atmosphere; others maintain that its beneficial results are caused by the fact of the trees being such rapid growers, and the great quantity of water they thus absorb and then give off purifies the atmosphere. Whatever may be the cause, the fact is evident that their presence in goodly numbers, planted in malarial regions, has produced most beneficial results.

The Roman Campagna especially has been greatly benefited, so much so that large portions once considered almost fatal to human

life, and shunned and feared, are now the abodes of numbers of people who find, since the introduction of the eucalyptus trees, but little traces of the dreaded malaria that for ages once caused those regions to be so shunned and deserted.

In the low malarial regions around the Cape of Good Hope and in some similar unhealthy regions around Algiers and elsewhere, the same beneficial results have followed the introduction of the eucalyptus trees.

As yet no variety has been discovered that is able to withstand even a moderate frost, but the fact that millions of these trees can be raised so easily and quickly in California and Florida and perhaps in the warm places on the Gulf of Mexico, and that its timber can be so widely utilized, is a matter for congratulation to all who are interested in the conservation of our forests and also in the introduction of new varieties of trees that will add to the timber wealth of the country.

In general, eucalyptus may be successfully planted in the sections of the United States suitable for the culture of citrus fruits. They are grown in nearly all the agricultural sections of California, along the coast of southern Oregon, and to a limited extent in Arizona, New Mexico and western Texas. Several species have also been planted in Florida and along the Gulf coast. Here, however, occasional frosts have killed or severely damaged the trees, and for this reason planting has been discouraged.

The blue gum (Eucalyptus globulus) has a phenomenally rapid rate of growth. Seedlings stand will average a height growth of 50 feet in 6 years and 100 feet in 10 years. Under very favorable conditions individual trees have reached a height of 125 feet and a diameter of 36 inches in 9 years. In sprout stands growth is even more rapid; trees frequently reach 3 inches in diameter and 35 feet in height in 8 months, while in 3 years a diameter of 7 inches and a height of 70 feet are often attained. In California, under favorable conditions, trees have attained a height of 175 feet and a diameter of 5 feet in 25 years. Although sometimes irregular in form, the tree tends to develop a straight, gradually tapering, unforked stem. In plantations the trunks become rapidly cleared of branches to a considerable height, but in the open, trees branch more widely and gradually develop a short crown of massive, spreading branches.

Blue gum is practically immune from disease. Where trees are reproduced by sprouts, the old stumps frequently decay slowly at the heart, while the sprouts remained unaffected. Growing trees are not attacked by insect enemies, but felled timber lying unbarbed upon the ground is subject to injury by a wood-mining insect.

Blue gum rarely suffers any breakage of the limbs by winds, and the spreading root system renders the trees very wind-firm.

Fire is the greatest source of injury to eucalyptus plantations. Both the natural characteristics of the trees and the conditions within planted groves render them peculiarly susceptible to fire injury. The large quantity of litter—dry leaves, branches and shredded bark—which accumulates beneath a stand is extremely inflammable. The bark of eucalyptus is so thin that the trees are injured even by light surface fires.

The wood of blue gum is very heavy, hard, strong and tough, but is not durable in contact with the soil. It is close-grained, and is split with difficulty after it has dried. It is less elastic than hickory, but it has been demonstrated by mechanical tests that seasoned blue gum timber is a little inferior in strength and stiffness to the best second-growth hickory. In appearance it closely resembles the wood of hickory and ash.

Blue-gum timber is utilized for a great variety of purposes in California. The wood is excellent for fuel, and in the treeless valleys has been the chief fuel supply for many years. In southern California the steady demand renders commercial planting for fuel very profitable. Eucalyptus timber has been extensively used in California for wharf piling. Blue-gum piles are in use in nearly every port on the California coast, and extended trial has shown that they resist the attacks of marine borers which destroy timber in sea water longer than other species commonly used for piling. Blue-gum timber has also been used to some extent for fence posts and telephone poles. The wood is not suitable for this purpose, however, on account of its short life in the ground. Seasoned posts last a little longer than green posts, and timber cut from the heart is more durable than sapwood.

Blue-gum timber has been used to a limited extent to determine its value for railroad ties. The results thus far obtained indicate that it compares favorably with second-grade pine-tie timber.

The lumber has been extensively used for vehicle stock and for wooden parts of agricultural implements. It is also made into insulator pins for electric wiring, and is used for furniture and cabinet work, hardwood flooring, trip-hammer beams, the levers of windlasses, and the blocking for oil and wine presses, wood paving, pulley blocks and belt wheels.

The extensive utilization of gum lumber has hitherto been prevented by the scanty supply of timber of merchantable size and by the difficulty experienced in seasoning the lumber without warping and checking. It is believed, however, that in the seasoning of gum no greater difficulties will be encountered than in seasoning of any other hardwood of similar density and strength.

A product of considerable importance derived from blue gum is the oil distilled from the leaves. Eucalyptus oil is recognized as a valuable drug and is extensively used by pharmacists and physicians.

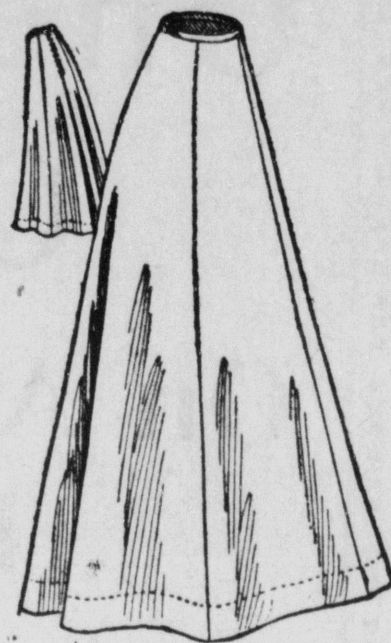
In many valleys of California eucalyptus windbreaks are considered absolutely necessary to insure the successful production of crops. They have been most extensively used to safeguard citrus orchards from strong and destructive winds in southern California, but they are now being established also for the protection of vineyards and orchards of deciduous fruits, olives and walnuts. The blue gum excels other species for windbreak purposes on account of its height and the rapidity of its growth. The tall shafts of the trees bend before the wind and act as a cushion to deflect it upward over the orchard, whereas ordinary wind-break trees form a more solid wall, and the wind draws downward, forming eddies near the leeward side.

Eucalyptus reproduce readily by both seeds and sprouts. The trees bear seed in abundance annually, and under favorable conditions natural reproduction is freely established. Trees also sprout vigorously from both the stump and the roots, either after cutting or in response to injury. In California commercial groves are almost invariably reproduced by sprouts.

Plantations should be started with young trees and not by direct sowing. The opinion is generally held that eucalyptus seedlings are so difficult to raise that their propagation is impracticable except for expert nurserymen. In point of fact, blue gum is one of the most easily propagated species.

## Practical Fashions

LADIES' NINE-GORED SKIRT.



Paris Pattern No. 2946, All Seams Allowed.—Developed in heavy white linen, this is an excellent model to wear with the separate shirtwaist, cut on simple tailor lines, and which is always worn during the morning hours or while playing tennis or golf. If any alteration in length is needed, it should be made on the tissue paper pattern by folding down a tuck at the knee line. The pattern is in 7 sizes—22 to 34 inches waist measure. For 26 waist the skirt, made of material with nap, requires 8½ yards 20 inches wide, 6½ yards 24 inches wide, 4¾ yards 36 inches wide, 4 yards 42 inches wide, or 2¾ yards 54 inches wide; without nap, it needs 7¾ yards 20 inches wide, 7 yards 24 inches wide, 4¾ yards 36 inches wide, 3¾ yards 42 inches wide, or 2¾ yards 54 inches wide. Width of lower edge, about 3¾ yards.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 2946. SIZE.....  
NAME.....  
TOWN.....  
STREET AND NO.....  
STATE.....

LADIES' WORK APRON.



Paris Pattern No. 2932, all Seams Allowed.—Red and white plaid gingham has been used in the development of this useful work apron, which may be made up with or without the bib, according to taste. It affords complete protection to the dress and is no trouble to make. The sides have large shaped pockets, which are always convenient for the carrying of dusters, or any small article that has been mislaid around the house which is sure to turn up while dusting. The pattern is in 3 sizes—small, medium and large. In medium size the apron requires 3¾ yards of material 24 inches wide, 3¾ yards 27 inches wide, or 2¾ yards 36 inches wide; as illustrated, ¾ yard of contrasting material 27 inches wide.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 2932. SIZE.....  
NAME.....  
TOWN.....  
STREET AND NO.....  
STATE.....

Forbidden Fruit.

"Why in the world do you suppose he wanted to kiss her?"  
"Just because she wore a 'Kiss Not' button, I suppose."

During the Third Degree.

"So you are a professional burglar," said the policeman with the stubby mustache.

"Well, I thought I was," replied the subject of the interview, "but the way you fellows got me makes me believe I'm only an amateur."

Incomes Like Shoes.

Our incomes should be like our shoes—if too small they will gall and pinch us; but if too large they will cause us to stumble and trip.—Volney.



# WORLD'S GREATEST WATERING PLACES



ALL the shores of all the oceans are bathing places, but there are certain beaches which have been chosen, some by the favored few and more by the merry multitudes, for sporting in the surf. These resorts have been dedicated to the bath and they have attained a fame which makes them places of interest the world around.

There are the great French resorts, where in summer you may see the people whom in winter you note driving in Bois or drinking in the cafes. Theirs seems almost a burlesque of bathing, for they appear in as vivid a blaze of color and in as elaborately constructed costumes, and they are as much swayed by the rules of fashion here as in the boxes of the opera in Paris. The French women make the ocean

a stage and a theater, where they dress and decorate themselves for purposes of exhibition.

In England there is no carnival of costume. The Briton takes his dip in the surf seriously, as he takes all his pastimes and sports. He is still afflicted with the old-fashioned four-wheeled bathing coach, and men and women bathe in separate groups, except that the prejudice against mixed bathing has been forgotten somewhat at such places as "merry Margate," "rollicking Ramsgate" and "breezy Broadstairs." But in general, the man who might try to spy upon the woman's beach would find himself as much taboo as was the peeper who tried to spy upon Lady Godiva.

The Mediterranean coast is a long succession of bathing beaches, and for centuries sirens have left the imprints of their sandals upon its sands.

The most perfect motor road in all England runs from London to the famous sea resort, Brighton, and that road, though 52 miles of Surrey and Sussex, is at least one real achievement which must be credited to George IV. It was the prince hailed as the most perfect gentleman in Europe who made fashionable Brighton. Once upon a time he made the first visit to his uncle, the duke of Cumberland, at his Brighton residence, and there he caught a glimpse of a pretty young actress sunning herself on the sands. Straightway he became enamored of the place, and literally commanded a city to spring up by the sea.

It is over the road that he built that motor meets run from the capital to the famous old Ship tavern on the wide sea front esplanade. He built, as his plaything palace, at frightful recklessness of cost, the pavilion, which is the most interesting structure in the city, and it is in the beautiful dome of the building that concerts, heard by 3,000 at a time, are still held.

Hailed as "the queen of the north," and as the "English Riviera," with all the usual attractions of a fashionable resort, Scarborough has also a delightful blending of history, romance and legend. Many of the stately homes of England are in the neighborhood whose owners have played a prominent part in the history of the nation. The ancient castle is a prominent landmark far up and down the coast and the town has two handsome bays.

Most carnival-like of all the bathing places in the world are the French and the Belgian resorts. There are villages, huge clusters of huts and tents and strange-looking straw hives on the sands. From these three troop the daintily dressed women and the grotesquely attired men. They bathe together in water that more often than not barely wets their knees. For the women are here to be admired and the men have come to flirt and to ogle. Yes, it is like a carnival. It is a whirlpool of froth and fashion, a kaleidoscope of life and gaiety. This place where the people go into the sea tethered with ropes to dabble placidly in water of saucer-like shallowness is a carnival of uproar and extravagance.

It would seem that Trouville was discovered about 1830 by two marine painters. Rambling along the Norman coast in search of subjects, they chanced one day upon an humble fishing village at the mouth of the Touques, where the rugged faces and the quaint costumes of the inhabitants made excellent spoil for the brush. Forthwith they sought shelter at the sole inn and spread their canvases for prey. In the salon for 1834 some Parisians noticed the new name, Trouville. They also met it in an article by Dumas. When hot weather came they sought it out.

Under the empire, 20 years later, fashion set its seal upon the place. Dieppe had been started by the dukes de Berry and was absorbed by the sects of the Faubourg St. Germain and the Faubourg St. Honore. Its

shore was trod by the feet of the Forty Immortals, who then only belonged to the Orleans party, and by deposed statesmen. The imperial court had abandoned Dieppe and gone to Biarritz, but that was too far from Paris for the lesser officials and the busy men of the party to follow. And Trouville offered a bathing place within six hours of Paris. So it came about that villas were built and a square foot of sand soon cost as much as a square foot of building ground in Paris itself. Very soon it was the favorite resort of the monde and the demi-monde.

The real life of Trouville, of course, is closed to the merely passing visitor, just as is the case at Cowes and at Newport. The passing caller has not the entree to the salons and the villas. But he may see that the people change their toilets every hour, he may walk the promenade and the beach, firm and smooth, which slopes so slowly into the sea that the bather must wade far to get into water to his neck, even at high tide, and he may visit the Casino, so close to the sea that the great tide of 1876 almost swept it away.

Dieppe shows a seascape that is called "inexpressibly grand." The visitor seats himself upon the terrace and looks seaward over a glorious and far-stretching expanse. Sometimes it is as calm as a mirror. But the tide never creeps in. It brings waves and foam with it. Often it is turbulent. Sometimes it comes in as a raging plain that lifts itself at last mountain high and thunderously dashes itself upon the shore and flings its salt showers over the spectators. It is splendid for the eye and it gives vigor to the body.

Napoleon played with Josephine, pushing her into the water, and hiding her bathing slippers, to the amusement of the boatmen and the onlooking staff, in their bathing expeditions in 1808 from Bayonne to Biarritz, that bright little corner of France, nestling at the foot of the Pyrenees, overlooking the Bay of Biscay and adjoining the Basque provinces of Spain.

There are memories here of the Empress Eugenie also. On the slope and overhanging the great rocks at the head of the bay are the ruins of the bathing villa, where she and Louis Napoleon spent many happy hours. It was sold, then enlarged and burned in 1903. There are many historical memories here. Gladstone spent weeks here each year. Many battles were fought in the vicinity in the Wellington campaigns and the Spanish provinces adjacent are full of reminiscences of Loyola and Xavier.

Ostend—to the initiated that means the most beautiful strand to be conceived, as smooth as a billiard table and stretching away many a league. It means also in the summer months a most diverting spectacle, where dandies mince and flirt even with the waves, where bathing, dancing, gaming and music occupy the fashionable world, and where the vast throngs present a gay and cheerful miscellany of faces and costumes.

This most important seaside town on the continent of Europe has its palatial villas, including the summer residence of the king; its sports, polo, golf, tennis, racing, its great annual "bataille de fleurs," its promenades, and around all its beach, a paradise for children, and its bath houses, so great a novelty for Americans. Above all, it has its kursal, the center of all the gaieties of the season, which gives the visitor who sees it for the first time a most confused impression of marbles and mosaics, brass, copper and gilding, rich hangings, palms and mirrors. The dike or "digue" which is built along the beach is a three-mile promenade, and at night the spectacle seen upon it justifies the saying that Ostend is "the maddest, merriest" city in Europe.

Every country has its seashore resorts, some of them as famous as Biarritz and Brighton. Bray, in County Wicklow, is the Brighton of

Ireland. Perhaps Portrush in the Emerald Isle is even more popular. England has Yarmouth and a score of big beaches, aside from those which have been named. There are good beaches in Wales and along the Clyde in Scotland. Spain has San Sebastian across the border from Biarritz. On the Bay of Biscay, also, in Arcachon, nestling among the pines, 40 miles from Bordeaux.

Other and not so "advanced" countries have also their summer exodus to the shore. Tunis, for instance, has a number of popular resorts. What Brighton is to the Englishman, and what Dieppe is to the Frenchman, that Rades is to the Tunisian. La Marsa is said to resemble Trouville. Bathing is an indulgence that is proper at any hour of the day. Those who bathe don no special dress, but enter the water exactly as they were at the moment they decided to bathe. Then they stretch out on the sands to dry. At these Tunisian watering places such amusements as tennis, shrimping and cafe concerts, as well as sand castle building by the children, are well known.

Finally America, not forgetting the Philippines. The list is a very long one. Palm Beach, where in February the "water's fine," and, indeed, the whole Florida coast. The resorts in California, the gulf coast beaches, the almost endless succession of bathing places on the Atlantic coast. What a list there is of them. Narragansett Pier, which has become the polo headquarters of the nation; Asbury Park, with its Founder Bradley and its annual baby parade reviewed by Titania and her court, and Atlantic City, with its board walk, its famous piers, and a bathing hour that begins one might think at dawn and lasts till dark. Miles of firm white sand, shelving to the boundless ocean and washed by the eternal surf—no wonder that those who come from the interior to see the sea for the first time have no trouble understanding its fascinations.

## WHEN BEARS BREAK IN

They Swipe the Butter and Coffee and Smash Things Just for Fun.

"Bear fur has been so low in price the last few years that I have not tried to catch them if they would let my camps along and keep out of mischief," writes a New Brunswick trapper in Fur News. "But they quite often break into the camps and then I have to kill them whether the fur is good or not."

"If they do get in a camp butter and coffee seem to be their first choice, but they generally smash everything that will break and what they don't eat they will destroy, and if they once learn to break into a camp the only way to stop them is the trap or gun."

### Tile Is Most Sanitary.

Of all the materials used in bath rooms and kitchens for walls, floors and even for ceilings, the only perfect one is the tile. The rest are merely makeshifts made necessary on account of expense usually.

The tile is absolutely smooth and non-absorbent; in consequence it is very easily cleaned with soap and water.

A core or sanitary base should be used where the walls and floor join to prevent the accumulation of dust which may become a breeding ground for germs. Door and window trims of tile may also be used.

While tile may be obtained in practically all colors, there is no color that gives the idea of cleanliness as pure white does. As people realize the advantages of tiling in both the kitchen and bathroom it is coming into more and more general use, and the economizing is done on something else. One of the great advantages of tile in the kitchen is that being vitrified, even hot grease cannot be absorbed, but is wiped off as easily as off of a plate.

# New News of Yesterday

by E. J. Edwards

## Why Seward Bought Alaska

He Believed in Future Commerce of the Pacific and Saw a Chance to Head Off Great Britain.

When Seattle's Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition was at its height last summer I was fortunate enough to meet the venerable Frederick W. Seward, assistant and acting secretary of state under three presidents—Lincoln, Johnson and Hayes. Quite naturally, the conversation turned on Alaska.

"I presume," said Mr. Seward, "that there will always prevail the belief that my father, when he was Johnson's secretary of state, brought about the purchase of Alaska from Russia primarily for the purpose of paying a national debt of gratitude to Russia for the moral assistance that she gave the Union during the Civil war. There is not, however, the slightest foundation of fact for this belief. I know personally what I am talking about, for while the negotiations for the purchase of Alaska were on I was both father's assistant and confidant."

"It was in 1866 that Cyrus W. Field finally and definitely demonstrated to the world the feasibility of binding the continents together with submarine telegraph cables. Until this epoch-marking demonstration was made to the satisfaction of the entire world, Russia had given no indication of any desire to part with her North American possessions. In fact, until the submarine cable was pronounced a success, Russia had long dreamed of utilizing Alaska as the key to her control of an intercontinental telegraphic land system. The telegraph could easily have been carried across Bering strait, which is only 36 miles wide at its narrowest point; and to this day you may see in Alaska the relics of a part of the intercontinental plant that Russia began to build there as early as the late fifties. When, however, the news came of Field's success, Russia was led to believe that Alaska would be of no further material value to her, and about that time she and Great Britain tentatively entered into a diplomatic discussion regarding the possible cession of the territory to the latter nation."

"My father, some way or other, learned of this intercourse between the two nations, and was at once deeply interested. For many years he had held tenaciously to the opinion that the United States had made a grave mistake in not insisting on running its northernmost boundary to fifty-four forty. He had been a firm advocate of our control of the Pacific coast line from the end of Lower California to the top of the continent, believing, as he did, that the Pacific would ultimately be the seat of the world's greatest commerce. So, when he learned that Alaska was to all intents and purposes on the market, he saw an excellent chance of adding to our Pacific coast line, and, at the same time, of keeping Great Britain's Pacific outlet down to the smallest possible minimum."

"Reasoning that Russia from her past attitude towards us, and with no consuming desire to have Johnny Bull only thirty-six miles distant from Siberia, would favor us over Great Britain as a possible customer for Alaska,

he opened negotiations with the czar's representatives for the sale of the territory to us. At once Russia showed her preference for our ownership of Alaska, and so anxious was father to defeat Great Britain's aims on the territory that there was very little discussion about the price we were to pay for it. In fact, as I recall it now, we accepted without question Russia's terms of seven million, two hundred thousand dollars.

"Here, then, was my father's sole reason for purchasing Alaska. At the time of the purchase he knew that the Alaskan fisheries would be valuable, but he had no idea of the real value that the territory would ultimately be to us. But after his trip to Alaska in 1869, two years after he had purchased it for the nation, he was persuaded that, almost unknown to us, we had secured control for a mere pittance of the world's greatest treasure houses, a territory of inconceivable wealth—and all because its purchase helped him to realize in good part his old ambition of seeing the United States in control of all the continent's western coast line north of the tip of Lower California."

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## Huntington's Dream of Rubber

Great Financier Some Years Ago Considered That Product Ranked in Commercial Importance With Wool and Cotton.

Although the late C. P. Huntington, the real creator of the Southern Pacific railroad and the maker of one of the greatest American fortunes, could not rival James J. Hill or Andrew Carnegie as a public speaker, or at least never tried to do that, nevertheless he was one of the most entertaining and instructive of men when engaged in private conversation. He had a fund of anecdotes, he was intensely interested in all the greater undertakings of American capital, and he had made a study of the personalities of the many of the great leaders of his time in railway and industrial development.

It was my good fortune to meet Mr. Huntington some years before his death, when he was in a very chatty

and communicative mood. As he talked he stood leaning over the marble counter of a financial institution, with whose officers he was on friendly terms. Finally, somebody mentioned the word "rubber," and at once Mr. Huntington's manner took on the earmarks of the enthusiast.

"I have heard it stated that this is the iron age, the railroad age, the electrical age," he said, "but I have sometimes thought that it might properly be called the rubber era. I regard rubber as standing in equal rank, almost, with wool and cotton as a factor in modern industrial development. Of course, it does not rank with grain, for grain is converted into food, and food is of first necessity. But as our industrial development goes on, there are bound to be larger and larger uses for rubber, and I am sure that there will come a time when for years the world's supply will not be equal to the demand."

"Nevertheless, I am satisfied that rightly handled there is a practically inexhaustible supply of rubber-producing trees throughout the entire equatorial belts of South America and Africa. I am satisfied that the present methods of rubber production are wasteful; I am told that there is an unnecessary destruction of trees. But I am also satisfied that, if a set of earnest and capable young men would organize an adequate corporation, penetrate the equatorial regions with a satisfactory and reasonably swift system of communication, and go about systematically and scientifically cultivating rubber trees, that there is no other industry which would begin to yield the profits these rubber men would obtain."

"To my mind, the scientific care of rubber trees and production of rubber offers extraordinary opportunities. It should appeal to the ablest and the most ambitious of the young men who desire to make great careers and great fortunes. Were I a young man I would be tempted to go into the rubber industry myself. But—oh, well, I don't suppose that I shall live to see the day, for I am getting along in years now; but I am willing to predict that many men now of middle life will realize before they become old that perhaps the greatest industrial staple in the world, excepting cotton, and, of course, the food grains, is rubber."

This conversation with Mr. Huntington took place in the middle nineties. For the last month or so all England has been greatly excited over the speculation in the rubber stocks, due, it is said, to the world's demands for rubber practically being greater than the visible supply.

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### Pigmies of New Guinea.

The news that a fresh race of pigmies has been discovered in New Guinea, by a British expedition presently exploring the interior, is interesting to ethnologists, since no one expected anything of the kind in that great island. Nobody has yet been able to determine whether the pigmies of the Aruhimi Forest, discovered by Stanley, and before him, by Herodotus, are degenerates from the normal type of mankind or whether they are merely a primitive type that has persisted in its original form. The huge island which is the pigmies' home, contains, perhaps, more unexplored territory in proportion to its size than any other portion of the interior, including, as has already been hinted, survivors of antediluvian creatures. By one of its lakes a tribe of web-footed men has already been discovered.

### Tools of Trade.

"So you pardoned that convict because he was a poet?"

"Yes," replied the governor, "I want to encourage American literature. We have tried our best with midnight oil and a fountain pen. Now let's see what we can do with a dark lantern and a jimmy."

## Pass that Roosevelt Returned

Refused to Accept the Favor Because He Thought It Would Be a Clear Violation of the Spirit of the Law.

"Only a few of the more intimate personal friends of Colonel Roosevelt know that his service in the Spanish war cost him considerably more than his salary as lieutenant colonel of the rough riders," said a high officer of the New York Central railroad to me a few days after Mr. Roosevelt had been nominated for vice-president in 1900. "I have reason for believing that in his campaign for governor of New York he would have been seriously embarrassed financially but for the timely contributions made to his personal funds by a few of his personal friends; and I also know that when he became governor it was with the knowledge that his official salary of \$10,000 a year and his private income would be no more than sufficient to meet his yearly expenses, if his household was managed with considerable economy. And yet, when an opportunity was presented to him to effect a considerable economy in his personal expenses he did not hesitate a moment to turn it down."

"At the time when he became governor a law forbade any officer of New York state accepting a pass upon a railroad. Previously, my road had extended the courtesy of a pass to occupants of the executive mansion, but, clearly, no such courtesy was to be the portion of Governor Roosevelt. It was, however, suggested that the president of the company send an annual pass to Mrs. Roosevelt, for her use and that of her children, for we knew that it would be necessary for her and her family to make frequent trips between Albany and New York city. This was done, the pass being sent to Governor Roosevelt, with an expression of our regret that the law forbade our including him in the courtesy."

"By return mail the pass came back, and with it a letter, and, while I have not that letter at hand, I can quote it substantially."

"I fully appreciate your courtesy in sending the pass," wrote the governor, "and I am sure that it was sent in all sincerity and without any ulterior motive—without any thought of placing me under a sense of obligation to anybody concerned. It is a courtesy which, if accepted, would undoubtedly effect a considerable economy in my personal expenditures, which, as governor, are very heavy, as you well know. Yet I am compelled to return the pass, and to say to you that, while, of course, the use of it would not be in violation of the letter of the law, it would, in my view, be a clear violation of the spirit of the law. I believe that all laws should be observed, not merely according to their

letter, but also with equal strictness according to their spirit."

"There was only one thing for us to do after that," concluded my authority; "we cancelled the pass. And all the time that Mr. Roosevelt was governor he and Mrs. Roosevelt and their children rode on purchased railroad tickets sometimes economizing by riding in a day coach between Albany and New York city, instead of using a parlor car."

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### A Dramatic Suicide.

Despite strenuous efforts to earn an honest living, an old woman of Lisbon, Portugal, and her three daughters were unable to pay their rent and so decided to commit suicide. They chose a spot near Estoril, where a great perpendicular rock stands high above the ocean, forming a terrible abyss called "Hell's Mouth." The four women kissed one another goodbye and placed themselves in Indian file on the edge of the precipice. Making the sign of the cross, the mother plunged first. Then the two elder daughters followed. The youngest, however, seeing her mother and sisters wildly struggling in the waves and hearing their screams of agony, hesitated. As she lifted her hands in a prayer for courage she was seen by fishermen. They rushed to the spot and were in time to seize her by the skirts and thus to save her. It is feared that she has become insane. The three girls were all good looking, the youngest being remarkably beautiful.

### Many Roomed Chinese Houses.

"In China a house of human habitation is a very different affair from what it is in the United States," said Ellis O. Habberton of San Francisco. "We think of a house over here ordinarily as the abode of a family of at least a limited number of individuals, but not so in the Orient. For instance, my wife and I stayed once for some weeks in a native temple, but our occupancy was merely an incident and did not interfere in the least with the regular business of the priests."

"Their structure was a huge, rambling affair, and they were glad to rent us some of the unused space. The Chinese houses, low, and spread out over a vast expanse, have a multitude of rooms all ranged about a rectangular courtyard giving shelter to many things. A rich Chinaman with a big assortment of wives can dispose them conveniently under the same roof and yet not have them in such proximity as to provoke friction or strife."

### The Fatal Cure.

The men die of their remedies and not of their diseases.—Moliers.



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10:03 a. m. I	9:50 a. m. C
11:03 a. m. I	10:50 a. m. C
11:17 a. m. I	11:10 a. m. C
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In effect May 10, 1910.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Croth-  
ersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Wat-  
son Junction, Jeffersonville and Louis-  
ville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11,  
6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louis-  
ville and all intermediate points at 6:00,  
8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., \*1:00, 3:00,  
5:00, 7:00, \*9:00, \*11:00 p. m.

Freight service daily except Sunday  
between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louis-  
ville, New Albany and all intermediate  
points.

Express service given on local pas-  
senger cars.

\*Runs as far as Scottsburg only.  
For rates and further information see  
agents, or official time folders in all  
cars.

GENERAL OFFICES,  
Scottsburg, Indiana.

Southern Indiana Railway Company.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
Lv Seymour 6:40 am	11:40 am	5:05 pm
Lv Bedford 7:58 am	1:00 pm	6:25 pm
Lv Odon 9:07 am	2:08 pm	7:34 pm
Lv Elletts 9:17 am	2:18 pm	7:44 pm
Lv Beehunter 9:33 am	2:35 pm	7:59 pm
Lv Linton 9:48 am	2:48 pm	8:14 pm
Lv Jasonville 10:12 am	3:12 pm	8:38 pm
Lv Tr. Haute 11:05 am	4:05 pm	9:30 pm

No. 28 mixed leaves Westport at 5:00  
p. m., arrives at Seymour 6:40 p. m. daily  
except Sunday.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lv Tr. Haute 6:00 am	11:10 am	5:35 pm
Lv Jasonville 6:54 am	12:04 pm	6:28 pm
Lv Linton 7:15 am	12:28 pm	6:53 pm
Lv Beehunter 7:30 am	12:40 pm	7:05 pm
Lv Elletts 7:45 am	12:55 pm	7:20 pm
Lv Odon 7:55 am	1:05 pm	7:34 pm
Lv Bedford 8:12 am	2:22 pm	8:48 pm
Lv Seymour 10:25 am	3:35 pm	10:00 pm

No. 25 mixed leaves Seymour for West-  
port at 2:50 p. m., arrives at Westport 4:35  
p. m., daily except Sunday.  
For time tables and further informa-  
tion, apply to local agent, or  
H. P. RADLEY, G. F. & T. A.  
Trust Building, Terre Haute.

GENERAL TREND  
OF POPULATIONCensus Returns Now Beginning  
to Be Definite.

## CENTER REMAINS UNCHANGED

It is Announced at Washington That  
Center of Population Will Probably  
Remain Near Columbus, Ind., Where  
Census of Ten Years Ago Estab-  
lished It—Some Notes Regarding  
Growth in Population West.

Columbus, Ind., Aug. 23.—Word  
from the census department carries  
the information that the center of po-  
pulation probably will remain near this  
city, as census figures indicate a  
growth about equal in all parts of the  
country. Only a small percentage of  
the total population has been announ-  
ced thus far, the report continues, but  
enough is shown by the general trend  
to justify some generalizations. Prob-  
ably the most important of these is  
that the eastern states are holding  
their own to such an extent as to in-  
dicate that the "pull" of the west will  
not be sufficient to disturb greatly the  
present equilibrium, and thus the cen-  
ter of population will remain near  
Columbus. With some exceptions the  
east is showing as marked growth as  
the west. Probably there will not be  
as pronounced gain in individual  
cases, but the average bids fair to be  
almost, if not quite, as good.

The eastern growth is attributable  
in the main to the development of  
manufacturing enterprises along the  
northern Atlantic seaboard. Up to  
date the full population of only two  
states, Rhode Island and Oklahoma,  
one east and the other west, has been  
announced. The increase in Okla-  
homa, amounting to 109 per cent over the  
population of the same area in 1900,  
is phenomenal, and is no indication  
of the rate of growth either in the  
west or in the country at large. That  
of Rhode Island, on the other hand, is  
more characteristic of natural growth  
in other sections similarly situated.  
Still Rhode Island, with its 26.6 per  
cent of gain, is believed to be consid-  
erably above the average. If the  
Rhode Island increase should be main-  
tained the country would show a total  
of about 96,000,000 people, whereas  
only about 90,000,000 are counted on.

The Pacific coast states are certain  
to make big gains, but the mining  
states of the intermountain region  
probably will suffer somewhat from  
the failure to develop important new  
camps during the last decade.

JOE SIBLEY RETIRES  
FROM HARD WON RACEPennsylvania Candidate for Con-  
gress Is Out of It.

Sharon, Pa., Aug. 23.—Joseph O.  
Sibley, Republican nominee for con-  
gress in the Eighth district, has an-  
nounced his withdrawal from the race.  
In a brief statement Sibley states that  
when he went into the campaign his  
eyesight was troubling him, but since  
that time he had suffered a general  
breakdown, with heart trouble as one  
of the principal causes of his failing  
health. He says, too, that his wife's  
health is poor. For these two reasons  
he says it is impossible for him to un-  
dergo the rigors of another campaign.  
What effect his withdrawal will have  
on the audit of Sibley's campaign ex-  
pense account, which was to have been  
made before Judge Criswell of Frank-  
lin on Aug. 29, is a matter of specula-  
tion, but it is believed the proceedings  
started by W. J. Breen of Oil City,  
Democratic nominee for congress in  
this district, will be dropped. Sibley  
defeated Nelson P. Wheeler, present  
congressman, at the June primaries by  
690 votes.

In his sworn statement of expenses  
incurred during the campaign it was  
shown that Sibley spent \$42,000, or  
\$4.80 for every vote he received. Men-  
tioned as a possible successor to Sibley  
are James P. Whittle, of kidnapping  
fame, Colonel W. N. Hulings of  
Oil City, and Nelson P. Wheeler of  
Endeavor.

## BATTLE FOR FREEDOM

Herman Miller Has Entered Upon Sec-  
ond Trial at Auburn.

Auburn, Ind., Aug. 23.—Once con-  
victed for murder and sentenced to life  
imprisonment only to have the su-  
preme court order a new trial, Herman  
Miller of Woodburn, Allen county, be-  
gan another battle for his freedom in  
the Dekalb circuit court. Miller, John  
Stout, John Baker and Fred LaDuke,  
all of Woodburn, are under indictment  
for the murder of Marshal Columbus  
Croy of that town. The first three  
men were convicted and sentenced to  
life imprisonment. An error of the  
trial court, however, obtained rever-  
sals and orders for new trials. La-  
Duke turned state's evidence and has  
never been brought to trial, but is in  
jail yet, pending the outcome of the  
other three cases. Miller's case was  
brought here on a change of venue

## TROUBLES PILING UP

It Is Just One Thing After Another  
For the Democrats.

[Special Correspondence.]

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 23.—Trou-  
bles continue to multiply in the Demo-  
cratic camp. Labor men seem to be  
giving the Democrats a lot to think  
about these days. The attack being  
made by the typographical union on  
the head of the state Democratic tick-  
et, Lew Ellingham, already is hurting.  
The wallop handed out to the Demo-  
cratic state committee by Samuel  
Gompers is still ringing in the heads  
of the Taggart managers. They had  
counted so strongly on the help of the  
president of the American Federation  
of Labor that they already had sent  
out word to Democratic papers an-  
nouncing that Mr. Gompers would  
make Democratic speeches. Mr. Gom-  
pers announced flatly that he would do  
nothing of the kind. He also praised  
Senator Beveridge and refused to say  
a word for Mr. Kern, Beveridge's op-  
ponent.

There are plenty of Democratic lo-  
cal troubles traceable here and there  
to the attitude of labor. Up in Grant,  
Blackford and Wells the Democrats  
threw out as joint senator Burtney  
Shafer, president of an organization  
of union bricklayers. Shafer's over-  
throw was brought about by brutal  
bribe methods in ruthlessness and dis-  
order. Senator Shafer is not saying  
much. But his labor friends have ad-  
ded this wrong to other grievances, and  
are rallying to prove that they not  
only know their enemies, but remem-  
ber the politicians who despitely use  
workmen.

In Delaware county the Democrats  
have been forced to oust their county  
chairman, Byron Moffitt. Organized  
labor fought Moffitt, and his presence  
as head of the Democratic county com-  
mittee gave the Democratic candidates  
occasion to do a lot of hedging and ex-  
plaining when they solicited the votes  
of labor men. The feeling became so  
strong and the panic among Demo-  
crats waxed so great that Moffitt fi-  
nally disappeared,—resigning under  
fire. The whole transaction leaves a  
bad political taste. It is doubtful if the  
tardy action of the reluctant Demo-  
crats will serve to placate the offend-  
ed elements. The Trades and Labor  
Council at Muncie, where there are  
some thirty-five unions, formally cal-  
led on the Democrats to throw Moffitt  
out. Whereupon the Democratic coun-  
ty candidates issued a statement, an-  
nouncing that they had "nothing to  
say." They add: "If the agitation re-  
lative to Mr. Moffitt has been insti-  
gated for the mere purpose of creating  
discontent among Democrats it should  
fail. If it has a foundation of reason  
it affects Mr. Moffitt alone and not the  
nominees of the party, who have noth-  
ing to do with the affairs of the cen-  
tral committee."

It may all be true that the Demo-  
cratic candidates in Delaware county  
did not care what labor did to Moffitt.  
In their statement they declare loftily  
that they make their appeal to all citi-  
zens on a basis of the welfare of the  
people. At the same time, for some  
weeks last past there has been a lot  
of caucusing and discussing and mak-  
ing of pledges to labor. And it now  
comes out that Moffitt's resignation as  
county chairman has been in hand for  
two weeks. The whole thing was done  
to appease labor.

Joe O'Day, Democratic nominee for  
representative, also has his woes. Dr.  
W. S. Brandon, of Daleville, and his  
friends, declare that Brandon, and not  
O'Day, was nominated at the Delaware  
county Democratic convention. Lew  
Moore was nominated as a dry. He  
ran far ahead. Two were to be nomi-  
nated. Next to Moore ran Brandon  
and O'Day. Brandon is a dry and  
O'Day is a wet. They were appar-  
ently tied on the first ballot. The next  
vote went O'Day's way. Dr. Brandon's  
friends declare that O'Day's first vote,  
in which he showed a tie with Bran-  
don, was augmented unduly by a vote  
which should not have been counted.  
An alternate and his corresponding  
delegate voted unknowingly, and both  
were O'Day men. Brandon should  
have had a majority the first ballot.

It was on the issue raised by the  
contesting Dr. Brandon that the wet  
bosses began to get in their work on  
Chairman Byron Moffitt. The county  
chairman took the Brandon side of the  
controversy over the legislative nomi-  
nation. For this reason the Taggart  
bosses in Delaware county went after  
Moffitt's scalp. They had defied or-  
ganized labor's earlier suggestion that  
Moffitt be removed. But when he de-  
veloped ideas of his own as to justice  
to Brandon and against O'Day, the  
bosses' man, it became necessary to  
use every possible means to remove  
Moffitt and put in a man the bosses  
could rule. The anti-Moffitt crusade  
made by labor men proved a handy  
weapon for the bosses, and they sud-  
denly developed a very earnest ad-  
miration for labor, and a burning de-  
sire to do labor's wish in the Moffitt  
matter.

Labor men at Muncie are not de-  
ceived for a minute. They are glad to  
see an inclination on the part of Demo-  
crats to remove an obnoxious chair-  
man, but they remember how defiant  
the bosses and candidates were when  
the subject was first broached as a  
purely labor proposition. The whole  
muddle means that Republicans are  
in a way to elect their entire ticket  
in Delaware county this year by un-  
usually large majorities. O'Day is  
slated to stay on the Democratic leg-  
islative ticket. The Brandon people  
and the Republicans say also that  
O'Day is slated to be licked good and  
hard at the polls.

PROPERTY LOSS  
\$200,000,000Besides Which More Than a  
Hundred Lives Lost.

## FIERCE FOREST FIRES RAGING

Estimates Based Upon Official Reports  
to War and Forestry Departments  
at Washington Carry a Story of Ap-  
palling Suffering and Loss in the  
Fire-Swept Regions of Montana, Ida-  
ho, Washington and Oregon.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Tremendous  
loss of life and property have followed  
the forest fires now raging over an  
area of 700 square miles in Montana,  
Idaho, Washington and Oregon. Un-  
official estimates made here fix the  
total number of lives lost at 120 per-  
sons known to be dead as the result  
of the fires.

Officials here declare that the prop-  
erty loss incident to the forest fires  
may be conservatively estimated at  
\$200,000,000. The war department,  
acting at the instance of the forest  
service, has ordered five additional  
companies of infantry and a pack  
train bearing medicines and food sup-  
plies out of the garrisons at Fort  
Walla Walla and American Lake for  
the Wallace and Bitter Root reserva-  
tions. According to information re-  
ceived here, one-fourth of Wallace has  
been destroyed and the flames are  
eating their way to the remaining sec-  
tions of the town. The spectacle is  
said to be a magnificently appalling  
one.

The towns of Libby and Troy, Mont.,  
are in grave danger and the people  
there asked the department for 250  
troops. The reports say the fires are  
racing toward Mullan and Burke,  
Idaho, and unless relief arrives soon  
many lives will be lost. Part of Lolo,  
Idaho, has been burned and the flames  
are spreading to the other sections of  
the town and nearby country.

Another telegram states that the in-  
habitants of the St. Regis valley have  
been taken out by special train and  
that nothing but a downpour of rain  
can save the valley from total destruc-  
tion.

Two hundred men of the forestry  
service are reported to be in great  
danger west of the Bitter Root moun-  
tains. The fires at Bitter Root, Mis-  
soul and Cabinet mountains are burn-  
ing fiercely, and it looks as if nothing  
can check them. The situation has  
become so threatening that complete  
details have been forwarded to Presi-  
dent Taft.

Officials of the forest service believe  
that the fire in Oregon is of incendiary  
origin. Information to this effect was  
received from Associate Forester Ce-  
cil of Portland. He said in his dis-  
patch that there is no doubt that the  
fires in the Carter national forest and  
at Medford resulted from incendiar-  
ism, and that new fires are being set  
constantly. Twenty-five men have  
been sent out in search of the cul-  
prits.

## THE NATIONAL GAME

Here Are the Current Scores in the  
Three Big Leagues.

The National League.

At Chicago— R.H.E.  
Boston... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 7 2  
Chicago... 0 4 0 0 2 1 0 0—7 11 2  
Mattern, Burke, Smith and Raridon;  
McIntyre and Kling.  
At Cincinnati— R.H.E.  
Brooklyn... 2 0 3 0 2 0 0 1—8 12 1  
Cincinnati... 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 1—5 6 5  
Knetzer and Bergen; Burns and Mc-  
Lean.

At St. Louis— R.H.E.  
New York... 0 0 0 4 5 2 0 0—11 10 1  
St. Louis... 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 0—4 9 2  
Drucke, Crandall, Meyers and Wil-  
son; Smich, Harmon, Patten and Bres-  
nahan.

At Pittsburg— R.H.E.  
Philadelphia 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—5 9 0  
Pittsburg... 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 1—6 12 2  
Shettler, Moren and Moran; White,  
Phillippi and Gibson.

Second Game— R.H.E.  
Philadelphia 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—4 6 0  
Pittsburg... 2 0 1 5 0 0 0 0—8 12 1  
Stack, Brennan and Doolin; Camnitz  
and Gibson.

The American League.

At Washington— R.H.E.  
Chicago... 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1—3 7 3  
Washington... 0 0 0 0 1 2 1 0—4 11 4  
White, Olmstead and Payne; Walk-  
er and Beckendorf.

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.  
Cleveland... 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 1—6 15 3  
Philad'lphia 0 0 2 1 0 1 0 0—7 14 2  
Harkness, Koestner and Land; Mor-  
gan, Dygert, Atkins, Thomas and Liv-  
ingstone.

At New York— R.H.E.  
Detroit... 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—4 8 10  
New York... 2 2 0 0 0 1 0 0—5 8 5  
Summers, Willets and Schmidt;  
Warhop, Manning, Fisher and Sweeney.

At Boston— R.H.E.  
St. Louis... 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—2 5 0  
Boston... 1 0 0 0 0 2 5 \*—8 13 0  
Lake, Killifer and Stephen; Cicotte  
and Carrigan.

The American Association.

At Louisville, 0; Kansas City, 4.  
Second game—Louisville, 3; Kansas  
City, 1.

At Indianapolis, 5; Minneapolis, 0.  
At Columbus, 2; St. Paul, 1.  
At Toledo, 5; Milwaukee, 2.

SPECIAL PRICES ON MERCHANDISE  
OVERLOOKED BY THE

## ROBBERS

Arbuckle Coffee...	15c
Arm & Hammer Soda...	4c
Bulk Soda, 2 lbs. for...	5c
Lenox Laundry Soap, 3 bars...	10c
1 lb. pure Black Grain Pepper for...	7c
1 lb. pure Black Ground Pepper for...	8c
15c Daisy Fly Killer for...	12c
Granulated Sugar, per lb., still...	5 1/2c
1 lb. Package Mule Team Borax for...	8c
Fancy Pickled Pork, per lb...	12 1/2c
Good Quality 1 qt. Tin Cans, per doz...	28c
10 qt. Galvanized Buckets, each...	18c
12 qt. Galvanized Buckets, each...	20c

Have you tried Whitmer's Lemon and Vanilla Extracts? This is  
my first lot and it has all appearance to me of being a little better  
quality and more in quantity than Jobber's Brands, only 10c bottle  
Day and Night Scrap Tobacco, per package... 4c  
30c Plug Square Deal Tobacco for... 25c  
30c Plug American Navy Tobacco for... 25c  
10c Plug B. D. Tobacco for... 8c  
50c Plug Uncle Sam Tobacco for... 40c  
50c Plug Horse Shoe Tobacco for... 44c  
50c Plug Star Tobacco for... 44c  
Men's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Work Shoes, guaranteed to wear 6 months,  
per pair... \$2.98 and \$3.15  
25c Grass Hooks, each... 15c  
Sewing Machines, warranted for 10 years, has all attachments, only  
cash... \$10.98

## COUNTRY STORE

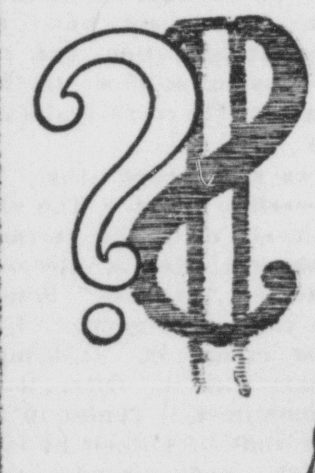
RAY R. KEACH, Prop.

Second St., 1st Door West of Interurban Station, Seymour, Indiana.

## Brilliantine

Goes 10 per cent. farther than other  
oils because there is no waste, it  
all consumes. TRY IT TODAY.

M. H. BRAND

Should the Question  
Arise, Where Can  
I Get Money

to meet my obligations, COME to  
us and we will settle the question  
easily and in a confidential way.  
WE ADVANCE MONEY ON  
HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS  
HORSES, WAGONS OR IN  
FACT ON ANY GOOD CHAT-  
TEL SECURITY.

Let us advance you the money needed and you repay us to suit  
your convenience, weekly or monthly. THE FOLLOWING IS SOME  
OF OUR WEEKLY PAYMENTS:

\$50 a week pays a \$10.00, \$80 a week pays a \$25.00,  
\$140 a week pays a \$50.00, \$250 a week pays a \$100.00,

all other amounts in the same proportion and remember we take  
nothing out in advance. If in need fill in coupon and mail and our  
agent will call.

Name..... Wife's name.....  
St. No..... City.....

## EAST MARKET ST. LOAN CO.

205 Law Building, 134 E. Market St. Indianapolis, Indiana.

## RICHART'S

CUT PRICE SALE

On Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps. Buy from us  
now while you can save from  
25c to \$1.50 a pair.

15c Shoe Polish 10c, 10c Shoe Polish 7c.  
Everything going at a Great Reduction at

## RICHARTS

## COOK WITH GAS

There never was a divorce between a woman and a  
GAS RANGE. There never will be. Don't let the  
heat regulate you. You regulate the heat when you  
Use a Gas Range.

Seymour Gas and Electric Light Co.  
15 South Chestnut Street

## FIRE

Fire, Automobile and Travelers  
Baggage Insurance against loss in  
any manner. Over Postal Tel. Off.

## E. W. BLISH

## W. H. BURKLEY

REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
and LOANS

SEYMOUR, INDIANA